

一、選擇題(第 1 至 42 題，每題 2 分，共 84 分)

I. 字彙題

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。  
第 9 至 10 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. The Taiwanese government is trying hard to find a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ to the problem of the gender pay gap.  
(A) ambition (B) solution (C) addition (D) conclusion
2. Lots of research \_\_\_\_\_ that the blue light from smartphones can damage people's eyesight.  
(A) indicates (B) impresses (C) improves (D) interacts
3. Lily couldn't stop \_\_\_\_\_ about her job as a secretary and even considered quitting it.  
(A) collecting (B) complaining (C) competing (D) comparing
4. It is truly \_\_\_\_\_ when all my classmates found I was wearing my uniform inside out.  
(A) inspiring (B) amazing (C) interesting (D) embarrassing
5. We're going to show our \_\_\_\_\_ to Mom by giving her flowers on Mother's Day this year.  
(A) gratitude (B) sorrow (C) invitation (D) routine
6. It only took Catherine a week to \_\_\_\_\_ from the flu because she has a balanced diet and exercises regularly.  
(A) refuse (B) reach (C) recover (D) react
7. Jill wanted to pass TOEIC Test with high grades, and she \_\_\_\_\_ achieved her goal by studying hard.  
(A) hardly (B) badly (C) finally (D) frequently
8. Anna got a full \_\_\_\_\_ to pursue her dream of studying medicine in the U.S.A.  
(A) appearance (B) arrival (C) absence (D) scholarship
9. Kevin's gray hair at young age is linked to his heavy pressure at work.  
(A) addicted (B) devoted (C) opposed (D) related
10. Thirty-two countries joined the Qatar 2022 FIFA World Cup, and Qatar earned US\$17 billion dollars from the event.  
(A) required (B) attended (C) presented (D) observed

II. 對話題

說明：第 11 至 20 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

11. Clerk: How may I help you?  
Alec: I would like to buy a birthday gift for my sister.  
Clerk: \_\_\_\_\_  
Alec: Nothing special, but my sister loves necklaces. Maybe I can get one for her.  
Clerk: Great. We have a lot of beautiful necklaces. You can have your pick.  
(A) Do you know her shoes size? (B) Is there any color she likes better?  
(C) Do you have a budget? (D) Do you have anything in mind?

12. Lenson: Have you decided your major in college?  
 Carole: Not yet. How about you?  
 Lenson: I'm so into painting, \_\_\_\_\_  
 Carole: Sounds great. Wish you could become a wonderful artist in the future.  
 (A) so art design would be my first choice. (B) and I have to ask my parents.  
 (C) but I don't waste time thinking about it. (D) or I would drop out of school.
13. Shirley: What's the matter? You look upset.  
 Randy: I lost my EasyCard while I was shopping at the night market yesterday.  
 Shirley: Too bad! \_\_\_\_\_  
 Randy: Nothing found. And I don't know what to do.  
 (A) Do you think the police would help? (B) Did you report to your teacher?  
 (C) Did you go back to look for it? (D) Did you lose anything valuable?
14. Receptionist: Hello, Springfield Steak House. What can I do for you?  
 Joey: I'd like to make a reservation for 2 at six this Saturday night.  
 Receptionist: Sorry. I am afraid we are fully booked. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Joey: Um...OK then.  
 (A) Do you need my suggestion?  
 (B) Would you mind changing your reservation to 8 o'clock that day?  
 (C) Is there anything that you like better to celebrate your birthday?  
 (D) What would you like for your main course?
15. Megan: Hello, Angus. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Angus: What's it?  
 Megan: My father was feeling ill and was sent to hospital. I have to be there right now. Can you cover my shift this afternoon?  
 Angus: I would be glad to.  
 (A) Give me a hand, please. (B) You've got another call.  
 (C) Teamwork is so important. (D) It has gone too far.
16. Danny: Bill, I need to pull over. I think there is something wrong with my car.  
 Bill: OK, let me take a look.  
 Danny: What is that?  
 Bill: \_\_\_\_\_ Fortunately, I know how to change the tire.  
 Danny: Hope it won't take too long. I want this round-island trip to go on smoothly.  
 (A) There must be a hospital nearby.  
 (B) I think I should buy a new car.  
 (C) God helps those who help themselves.  
 (D) We got a flat tire. The tire needs to be replaced.
17. Jane: Why was May absent from school today?  
 David: She caught a serious cold and had a high fever.  
 Jane: \_\_\_\_\_ Hope she can get well soon.  
 (A) Don't mention it! (B) I feel gross.  
 (C) I am sorry to hear that. (D) It's beyond words.

18. Doctor Ho: What seems to be the problem?

Alice: I get a pain in my back and knees every time when I run.

Doctor Ho: \_\_\_\_\_

Alice: About a month.

(A) Why didn't you come earlier?

(B) How much do you know about it?

(C) How often do you exercise?

(D) How long has this been happening?

19. Tom: The slide shows sales over the past quarter.

Kevin: The sales fell by almost 30 percent.

Tom: Yes, we did poorly.

Kevin: \_\_\_\_\_

Tom: I think it is due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

(A) Any idea about what caused the drop in sales?

(B) That was a good thing.

(C) Please don't be too hard on yourself.

(D) It sounds like a good excuse.

20. Timmy: I'm sorry that I missed your party yesterday.

Sara: \_\_\_\_\_ We had a lot of fun.

Timmy: I really wish I could have been there, but I had to work.

Sara: OK. I hope you can come next time.

(A) You were not welcome at the party.

(B) It's a pity that you didn't come to join us.

(C) I was not in the mood to talk about it again.

(D) I know your parents didn't allow you to come.

### III. 綜合測驗

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 21-25 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

We all know that sleep is very important to our health. When we can't sleep well or have enough sleep, we would live shorter and have all kinds of diseases, 21 high blood pressure and heart problems. How can we sleep better at night? There are many sleep tips. First, stick to a sleep schedule; 22, going to bed and getting up at the same time every day, even on weekends. Also, pay attention to 23 we eat and drink. A light meal, such as a piece of toast or a cup of milk, is perfect. Never go to bed 24 too hungry 24 too full. A large meal within a few hours before bed time might keep us up at night. Avoiding food which contains caffeine and alcohol is necessary, too. Although alcohol might make you feel sleepy at first, it is in fact bad to your sleep later in the night. Last but not least, a restful environment is helpful in having a good sleep as well. Keep your room cool, dark and quiet. It is not difficult to follow the above-mentioned tips. However, if you often have trouble 25, contact your doctors. Hope you have a sweet dream tonight.

21. (A) includes (B) included (C) including (D) to include

22. (A) in addition (B) that is (C) however (D) in conclusion

23. (A) who (B) where (C) when (D) what

24. (A) both...and (B) either...or (C) not...but (D) neither...nor

25. (A) to sleep (B) sleep (C) sleeps (D) sleeping

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 26-30 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

BLACKPINK held a two-day concert in Kaohsiung and attracted tens of thousands fans all over the island. Do you know how the name, BLACKPINK, originates? BLACKPINK wants to change the ideas of the color pink. The “BLACK” in their name shows confidence, 26 the “PINK” means sweetness. 27 Lisa, one of the members of BLACKPINK, pink is often used to describe prettiness, but BLACKPINK actually means being pretty isn't everything. She also mentioned that they even tried writing songs, which shows they are a team that has not only beauty but also great 28.

It goes without saying that BLACKPINK is the most popular Kpop girl group nowadays. The key to BLACKPINK's popularity is the group's excellent stage performance. Their music style mixes all types of music, 29 a sound that is fresh and unique. Their songs will make you 30 in no time. BLACKPINK is also known for their video styling.

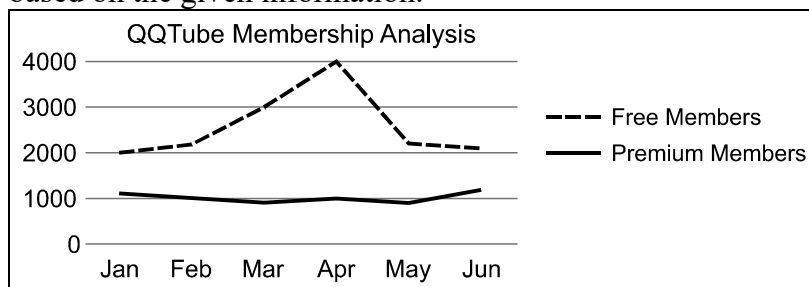
26. (A) where (B) because (C) while (D) although  
 27. (A) Regardless of (B) According to (C) Speaking of (D) Owing to  
 28. (A) income (B) risk (C) talent (D) duty  
 29. (A) creating (B) that creates (C) which create (D) that creating  
 30. (A) to dance (B) danced (C) dancing (D) dance

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

說明：以下有四篇短文，共有 12 個題目，為第 31 至 42 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲閱讀下文，回答第 31-32 題

The following graph shows the number of free membership and premium membership of QQTube. Answer the questions based on the given information.



31. Which of the following statements is correct?  
 (A) The graph shows the membership numbers over a year.  
 (B) The number of free membership never rose above 3,000.  
 (C) The number of premium membership was below 1,000 in June.  
 (D) Premium membership number didn't change greatly over 6 months.
32. In which month did the number of free membership reach its peak?  
 (A) January (B) March (C) April (D) May

▲閱讀下文，回答第 33-34 題

Mother's Day is around the corner. Jenny wants to make some strawberry puffs as a gift for her mother. The following is the recipe she downloaded from the Internet.

## Ingredients

- 1 sheet of puff pastry
- 1 cup fresh strawberries
- 1/4 cup sugar
- 1 tablespoon cornstarch
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- Whipped cream

## Instructions

1. Preheat your oven.
2. In a bowl, combine the strawberries, sugar, cornstarch, and vanilla extract. Stir gently.
3. Bake the pastry based on the package instructions, or until it turns golden brown. Take it out from the oven and let it cool completely.
4. Spoon strawberries onto the bottom half of each pastry piece.
5. Serve the strawberry puffs immediately and enjoy!

Note: You can also refrigerate the strawberry puffs for a short while to allow the flavors to meld together, but they are best enjoyed fresh.

- Enjoy your delicious homemade strawberry puffs!

33. Which of the following ingredients is **NOT** needed to make strawberry puffs?  
 (A) sugar                      (B) flour                      (C) cornstarch                      (D) vanilla
34. How can we know that the puff pastry can be taken out from the oven based on the recipe?  
 (A) The color of the pastry would change.                      (B) The pastry would be soft.  
 (C) The pastry would smell good.                      (D) The pastry would be crispy.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 35-37 題

Tammy watched the news about the deadly earthquakes that hit Turkey in 2023. She wanted to help survivors in the earthquake. She made fliers to remind neighbors and friends to care about those survivors.

### Earthquakes in Turkey

On February 6, 2023, a powerful earthquake, 7.8 magnitude, hit southeast Turkey. The deadly earthquake took away the lives of more than 40,000 people. Tens of thousands were injured, and millions were left homeless. People living in the affected areas were in urgent need of basic necessities like temporary shelters, food, and clean water.

Turkey and Taiwan have both been victims of earthquakes. Taiwan can help! You can help!

How you can help:

- Donate money to Red Cross, Doctors Without Borders, World Vision or Tzu Chi Taiwan. These organizations often have experience in effectively providing help for affected areas.
- Spread the news about the earthquakes on social media.
- Citizens can also make a donation at convenience stores through self-service machines.
- Tents, winter clothing, and diapers are needed. Tzu Chi can help you pack the stuff and send it to Turkey.
- Further contact information in Turkey is as below.

Website: <https://tzuchi.com.tr/>

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/tzuchivakfi>

Help  
Support



35. Based on the flier, what can we do to help the survivors of the Turkey earthquake?

- (A) You could work part time for Tzu Chi Taiwan.
- (B) You could share the news of the earthquakes on Instagram.
- (C) You could buy gifts for survivors in Turkey.
- (D) You could send diapers directly to Turkey.

36. What item is **NOT** needed for the survivors of the Turkey earthquake?

- (A) diapers
- (B) flashlights
- (C) clean water
- (D) tents

37. Which of the following information is **NOT** mentioned in the flier?

- (A) The locations of Turkey.
- (B) What Taiwan and Turkey have in common.
- (C) The things that the survivors need the most.
- (D) The number of deaths in the earthquake.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 38-42 題

Germany stopped using its last three nuclear power stations on April 15, 2023. In other words, Germany would stop producing any electricity from nuclear power plants. The Emsland, Isar II, and Neckarwestheim II nuclear plants in Germany said goodbye to the public. It is part of the country's plan to use only renewable energy by 2035. Germany wanted to shut down all its nuclear power stations by 2022; however, the plan was put off due to the Russia-Ukraine war.

The public opinions of the shutdown of the nuclear power plants were varied. On the one hand, to those who supported nuclear energy as a clean, zero-carbon source of electricity, the move was seen as a tragedy. Increasing energy prices and energy shortage around Germany were certain to happen. On the other hand, those who feared nuclear accidents believed closing the nuclear power plants was a wise decision and paved the way for Germany's decision to use renewable energy widely. Germany announced that it would **phase out** nuclear power after the Fukushima accident in Japan in 2011. The safety of nuclear energy is the major drive that led to the closure of all nuclear power plants. In the past, nuclear power made up one-third of Germany's energy. Now it's only 6%. Renewable energy now makes up 44%. By 2030, Germany aims to generate 80 percent of its electricity from renewable energy sources like wind and sun. Some, nevertheless, think that Germany will have to use nuclear power again if it wants to stop using fossil fuels by 2045. Scientists and researchers from MIT wrote an open letter to the German government and said that "this is very disappointing, when a low carbon source of energy such as nuclear was available and could have continued operating for another 40 years...the fast decarbonization should have priority." The open letter didn't succeed in keeping the plants working.

It is clear that people worldwide are facing the greatest challenge of climate change of all time. There is little time left to deal with the issue of climate change. It seems upset to close down the sources of zero-carbon electric power.

38. Which of the following statements is true?

- (A) Almost all Germans agree to the government's plan to close the nuclear power plants.
- (B) About 6% of energy will be produced by nuclear power plants in Germany after 2035.
- (C) The delay of shutting down nuclear power plants in Germany is partly because of the war.
- (D) The letter written by scientists from MIT successfully convinced the German government.

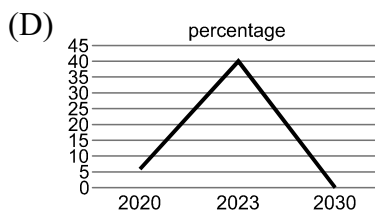
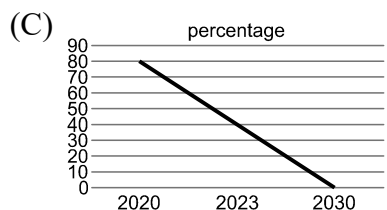
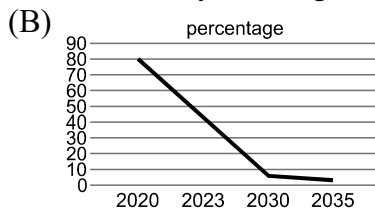
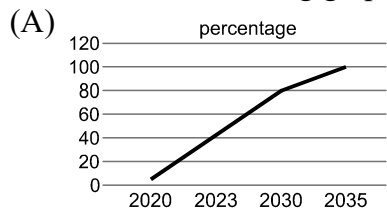
39. Which of the following phrases is closest in meaning to the underlined **phase out**?

- (A) get rid of
- (B) look down on
- (C) catch up with
- (D) take advantage of

40. What is the author's attitude toward nuclear power plants?

- (A) angry
- (B) negative
- (C) supportive
- (D) shameful

41. Which of the following graphs best describes the plan of Germany of using renewable energy?



42. What was the main reason that Germany shut down all the nuclear power plants?

- (A) Increase of energy prices.
- (B) Public opinions against nuclear power plants.
- (C) Dangers of nuclear power plants.
- (D) Efforts to deal with climate change.

二、非選擇題(第 I 題，每格 2 分，共 4 分；第 II 題 6 分；第 III 題 6 分；共 16 分)

I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 照顧狗和照顧嬰兒很不一樣。

Looking after a dog is very d ① from taking c ② of a baby.

II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. Henry / is good at dancing / who / the lovely girl / wants to know

III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 學會如何克服生活上的困難對學生而言是很重要的。

【以下空白】

# 112 學年度四技二專第一次聯合模擬考試

## 共同科目 英文 詳解

112-1-2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
B	A	B	D	A	C	C	D	D	B	D	A	C	B	A	D	C	D	A	B	C
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
B	D	B	D	C	B	C	A	D	D	C	B	A	B	B	A	C	A	C	A	C

### 一、選擇題

#### I. 字彙題

1. 臺灣政府正在努力尋求解決性別薪水差距問題的\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 野心 (B) 方法 (C) 增加 (D) 結論
2. 大量研究\_\_\_\_\_智慧型手機發出的藍光會損害人們的視力。  
(A) 顯示 (B) 使印象深刻 (C) 改善 (D) 互動
3. 莉莉無法停止\_\_\_\_\_她的秘書工作，甚至考慮過辭職。  
(A) 收集 (B) 抱怨 (C) 競爭 (D) 比較
4. 當我所有的同學都發現我把校服穿反了時，真是\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 鼓舞人心的 (B) 驚艷的  
(C) 有趣的 (D) 尷尬的
5. 我們打算在今年的母親節送花給媽媽，以表示對她的\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 感謝 (B) 悲傷 (C) 邀請 (D) 常規
6. 凱瑟琳只用了一週就從流感中\_\_\_\_\_了，因為她有均衡的飲食和規律的運動。  
(A) 拒絕 (B) 到達 (C) 恢復 (D) 反應
7. 吉兒想以高分通過多益考試，她\_\_\_\_\_透過努力學習達成了自己的目標。  
(A) 幾乎不 (B) 糟糕地 (C) 最終地 (D) 經常地
8. 安娜獲得了全額\_\_\_\_\_去追求她在美國學習醫學的夢想。  
(A) 出現；外表 (B) 到達  
(C) 缺席 (D) 獎學金
9. 凱文年輕時就白了頭髮與工作壓力大有關。  
(A) 成癮 (B) 投入 (C) 反對 (D) 相關
10. 32 個國家參加了卡達 2022 年世界盃，卡達從賽事中獲利了 170 億美元。  
(A) 要求 (B) 出席 (C) 呈現 (D) 觀察

#### II. 對話題

11. 店員：請問有什麼可以幫您的嗎？  
亞歷克：我想買一份生日禮物給我姐姐。  
店員：\_\_\_\_\_。  
亞歷克：沒什麼特別的，但我姐姐喜歡項鍊。也許我可以買一條給她。  
店員：太好了。我們有很多漂亮的項鍊。你可以選擇。  
(A) 你知道她鞋子是什麼尺寸嗎？  
(B) 她有沒有比較喜歡什麼顏色？

(C) 你有預算上限嗎？

(D) 你心中有什麼想法嗎？

12. 連森：你決定大學的主修了嗎？  
卡洛：還沒有。你呢？  
連森：我很喜歡畫畫，\_\_\_\_\_。  
卡洛：聽起來很棒。希望你將來能成爲一名出色的藝術家。  
(A) 所以藝術設計會是我的第一選擇。  
(B) 而且我還得問我爸媽。  
(C) 但是我不要浪費時間去想它。  
(D) 或者我會輟學。

13. 雪莉：怎麼了？你看起來很沮喪。  
蘭迪：我昨天在逛夜市時弄丟了我的悠遊卡。  
雪莉：太糟糕了！\_\_\_\_\_。  
蘭迪：什麼也沒找到。我不知道該怎麼辦。

(A) 你認爲警察會幫忙嗎？

(B) 你有沒有向老師報告？

(C) 你回去找了嗎？

(D) 有沒有弄丟什麼貴重的東西？

14. 接待員：您好，春田牛排館。我能爲你做什麼？  
喬伊：我想預訂這個星期六晚上 6 點 2 位。  
接待員：對不起。恐怕我們訂位已經滿了。  
\_\_\_\_\_。  
喬伊：嗯……好吧。

(A) 需要我的建議嗎？  
(B) 你介意把你的預約改到同一天 8 點嗎？  
(C) 你有沒有比較喜歡什麼來慶祝生日的？  
(D) 你主餐要點什麼？

15. 梅根：你好，安格斯。\_\_\_\_\_。  
安格斯：怎麼了？  
梅根：我父親不舒服，被送往醫院。我現在必須去那裡。今天下午你能幫我值班嗎？  
安格斯：我很樂意。  
(A) 請幫忙我。  
(B) 你又有另一通電話。  
(C) 團隊合作非常重要。  
(D) 太離譜了。

(A) 你認爲警察會幫忙嗎？

(B) 你有沒有向老師報告？

(C) 你回去找了嗎？

(D) 有沒有弄丟什麼貴重的東西？

16. 丹尼：比爾，我需要停下來。我認爲我的車有問題。  
比爾：好的，讓我看看。  
丹尼：什麼問題？  
比爾：\_\_\_\_\_。還好我知道怎麼換輪胎。  
丹尼：希望不要花太長時間。我希望這次環島之旅順利進行。

(A) 你認爲警察會幫忙嗎？

(B) 你有沒有向老師報告？

(C) 你回去找了嗎？

(D) 有沒有弄丟什麼貴重的東西？

(A) 需要我的建議嗎？

(B) 你介意把你的預約改到同一天 8 點嗎？

(C) 你有沒有比較喜歡什麼來慶祝生日的？

(D) 你主餐要點什麼？

15. 梅根：你好，安格斯。\_\_\_\_\_。  
安格斯：怎麼了？  
梅根：我父親不舒服，被送往醫院。我現在必須去那裡。今天下午你能幫我值班嗎？  
安格斯：我很樂意。  
(A) 請幫忙我。  
(B) 你又有另一通電話。  
(C) 團隊合作非常重要。  
(D) 太離譜了。

(A) 你認爲警察會幫忙嗎？

(B) 你有沒有向老師報告？

(C) 你回去找了嗎？

(D) 有沒有弄丟什麼貴重的東西？

(A) 請幫忙我。

(B) 你又有另一通電話。

(C) 團隊合作非常重要。

(D) 太離譜了。

16. 丹尼：比爾，我需要停下來。我認爲我的車有問題。  
比爾：好的，讓我看看。  
丹尼：什麼問題？  
比爾：\_\_\_\_\_。還好我知道怎麼換輪胎。  
丹尼：希望不要花太長時間。我希望這次環島之旅順利進行。

(A) 你認爲警察會幫忙嗎？

(B) 你有沒有向老師報告？

(C) 你回去找了嗎？

(D) 有沒有弄丟什麼貴重的東西？

(A) 請幫忙我。

(B) 你又有另一通電話。

(C) 團隊合作非常重要。

(D) 太離譜了。

- (A) 附近一定有醫院。  
 (B) 我覺得我應該買一輛新車了。  
 (C) 天助自助者。  
 (D) 輪胎漏氣了。輪胎需要更換。
17. 珍：梅今天為什麼缺席？  
 大衛：她得了重感冒，還發高燒。  
 珍：\_\_\_\_\_ 希望她能早日康復。  
 (A) 不用客氣！  
 (B) 我覺得很噁心。  
 (C) 我很難過聽到這件事。  
 (D) 很難用言語形容。
18. 何醫生：請問哪裡不舒服？  
 愛麗絲：每次跑步時，我的背部和膝蓋都會疼痛。  
 何醫生：\_\_\_\_\_  
 愛麗絲：大約一個月。  
 (A) 為什麼不早點來？  
 (B) 你了解多少？  
 (C) 你多久運動一次？  
 (D) 這種情況發生多久了？
19. 湯姆：這張投影片顯示了過去一個季度的銷售額。  
 凱文：銷售額幾乎下降了 30%。  
 湯姆：是的，我們做得不好。  
 凱文：\_\_\_\_\_  
 湯姆：我想是因為新冠肺炎疫情。  
 (A) 知道是什麼原因導致銷售額下降嗎？  
 (B) 這是一件好事。  
 (C) 不要對自己太嚴苛。  
 (D) 這聽起來是個不錯的藉口。
20. 蒂米：很抱歉我昨天錯過了你的聚會。  
 薩拉：\_\_\_\_\_ 我們玩得很開心。  
 蒂米：我真希望我能去那裡，但我必須工作。  
 薩拉：沒關係。希望你下次能來。  
 (A) 你在派對不受歡迎。  
 (B) 很遺憾你沒來一起和我們玩。  
 (C) 我沒心情再說一次。  
 (D) 我知道你的父母不讓你來。

### III. 綜合測驗

#### Question 21-25

我們都知道睡眠對我們的健康非常重要。當我們睡不好覺或睡眠不足時，我們會減壽，並且會患上各種疾病，(21)包含高血壓和心臟病。我們怎樣才能在晚上睡得更好？有很多睡眠技巧。首先，堅守睡眠時間表；(22)也就是每天在同一時間睡覺和起床，週末也不例外。另外，注意我們吃喝了(23)什麼。一頓輕食比如一片吐司或一杯牛奶就很完美，絕對不要在太(24)餓(24)或者太飽時上床睡覺。在睡前幾個小時內吃一頓大餐可能會讓我們徹夜難眠。避免含有咖啡因和酒精的食物也很重要。雖然酒精一開始可能會讓您感到想睡，但實際上它對你晚些時候的睡眠不利。最後但同樣重要的是，一個寧靜的環境也能助眠。保持房間涼爽、昏暗和安靜。遵循上述訣竅並不難。但是，如果您經常(25)睡眠有困擾，請聯繫您的醫生。希望您今晚有一個甜蜜的夢。

21. (C) including 為介系詞，其後方接名詞作為受詞

22. 承上一句堅守原則，後句解釋前句，使用“that is”，意思是「也就是說」  
 23. what 引導名詞子句當 pay attention to 的受詞，意為要注意「吃了什麼」  
 24. either A or B 意為「是 A 或者 B」，整句為「是肚子餓或者太飽」都不宜上床睡覺  
 25. have trouble/problems/difficulty + Ving，意為「做…事有困難」

#### Question 26-30

BLACKPINK 在高雄舉辦了為期 2 天的演唱會，吸引了全臺數萬名粉絲。你知道 BLACKPINK 這個名字是怎麼來的嗎？BLACKPINK 想改變粉紅色的觀念。他們名字中的“BLACK”代表自信，(26)而“PINK”意為甜美。(27)根據 BLACKPINK 成員之一 Lisa 的說法，粉紅色常被用來形容漂亮，但 BLACKPINK 實際上意味著漂亮不是一切。她也提到了她們甚至嘗試寫歌。它顯示我們是一個不僅有美麗而且有(28)才華的團隊。

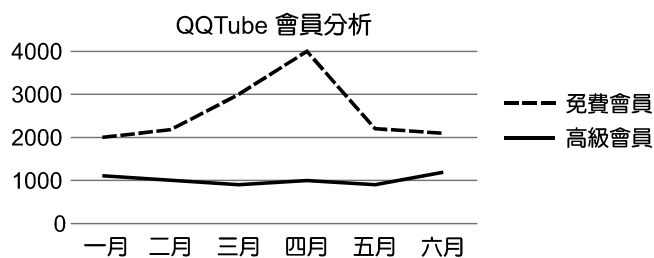
BLACKPINK 毫無疑問是當今最走紅的女子流行韓國團。BLACKPINK 高人氣的關鍵就是出色的舞台表現。他們的音樂風格融合了各種類型的音樂，(29)創造出清新獨特的聲音。他們的歌曲很快就會讓你(30)跳舞。BLACKPINK 也以其音樂影片的風格而出名。

26. 兩樣同質性的東西做比較，用“while”意為「而」  
 27. (A) 不管；不顧 (B) 根據 (C) 談到 (D) 因為  
 28. (A) 收入 (B) 風險 (C) 才華 (D) 責任  
 語意為女團兼具有美貌與「才華」，故選(C) talent  
 29. 原句為 Their music mixes all types of music, which creates... 的用法，此為關係代名詞省略用法，which 代表前面整件事；不能選(B)，因為 that 當關代時，前面不能有逗點  
 30. make + O + VR，make 表示使某人主動做某事的意思時，後加原型動詞

### IV. 閱讀測驗

#### Question 31-32

下圖顯示了 QQTube 免費會員和高級會員的數量。根據所提供的資訊回答問題。



31. 下列哪項描述是正確的？  
 (A) 該圖顯示了一年中的會員數量。  
 (B) 免費會員人數從未超過 3,000 人。  
 (C) 六月高級會員人數不足 1,000 人。  
 (D) 高級會員人數在 6 個月中改變不大。
32. 哪個月份免費會員人數達到高峰？  
 (A) 一月 (B) 三月 (C) 四月 (D) 五月

#### Question 33-34

母親節快到了。珍妮想做一些草莓泡芙作為禮物送給媽媽。以下是她從網上下載的食譜。

## 原料

- 1 張酥皮
- 1 杯新鮮草莓
- 1/4 杯糖
- 1 湯匙玉米澱粉
- 1 茶匙香草精
- 鮮奶油

## 指示

1. 預熱烤箱。
  2. 在一個碗裡，混合草莓、糖、玉米澱粉和香草精。輕輕攪拌。
  3. 按照包裝上的說明烘烤糕點，或者直到它變成金黃色。把它從烤箱裡拿出來，讓它完全冷卻。
  4. 將草莓舀到每個糕點的下半部分。
  5. 立即享用草莓泡芙！
- 注意：您也可以將草莓泡芙冷藏一會兒，讓味道融合在一起，但最好在新鮮時享用。
- 享用美味的自製草莓泡芙！

33. 製作草莓泡芙不需要以下哪一種材料？  
(A) 糖 (B) 麵粉 (C) 玉米澱粉 (D) 香草
34. 根據食譜如何知道泡芙糕點可以從烤箱拿出來了？  
(A) 糕點的顏色會發生變化。  
(B) 糕點會變軟。  
(C) 糕點會聞起來很香。  
(D) 糕點會很脆。

## Question 35-37

泰米(Tammy)看了有關 2023 年土耳其發生致命地震的新聞。她想幫助地震中的倖存者。她製作了傳單提醒鄰居和朋友關心那些倖存者。

## 土耳其大地震

2023 年 2 月 6 日，一場 7.8 級的強烈地震襲擊了土耳其東南部地區。這場致命的地震奪走了 40,000 多人的生命。數萬人受傷和數百萬人無家可歸。生活在受災地區的人們急需臨時住所、食物和乾淨的水等基本必需品。土耳其和臺灣都是地震的受害者。臺灣可以幫忙！你可以幫忙！

你如何幫忙：

- 捐錢給紅十字會、無國界醫生組織、世界展望會或臺灣慈濟。這些組織通常具有向受災地區提供有效幫助的經驗。
- 在社交媒體上傳播有關地震的消息。
- 市民也可以在便利超商透過自助機器進行捐款。
- 需要帳篷、冬衣、尿布。慈濟幫你打包寄到土耳其。
- 在土耳其的更多聯繫資訊如下：

網站：<https://tzuchi.com.tr/>

臉書 Facebook：<https://www.facebook.com/tzuchivakfi>

Help  
Support



35. 根據傳單內容，你能做些什麼來幫助土耳其地震的倖存者？  
(A) 在臺灣慈濟打工。

- (B) 在 Instagram 上分享地震消息給朋友。  
(C) 買禮物給土耳其的倖存者。  
(D) 直接寄尿布到土耳其。

36. 土耳其地震倖存者不需要下列哪些物品？  
(A) 尿布 (B) 手電筒 (C) 清水 (D) 帳篷
37. 下列何項資訊在傳單中沒有提及？  
(A) 土耳其的地理位置。  
(B) 臺灣和土耳其相同之處。  
(C) 倖存者最需要的東西。  
(D) 這場地震中的死亡人數。

## Question 38-42

德國於 2023 年 4 月 15 日停止使用最後三個核電站。換句話說，德國將停止從核電站生產任何電力。德國的 Emsland-Isar II 和 Neckarwestheim II 核電站向公眾告別。到 2035 年只使用可再生能源是該國計劃的一部分。德國原本希望 2022 年關閉所有核電站；然而，由於俄烏戰爭，該計劃被延遲。

公眾對核電站關閉的看法不一。一方面，對於那些支持將核能視為乾淨、零碳電力來源的人來說，此舉被視為一場悲劇。德國各地的能源價格上漲和能源短缺肯定會發生。另一方面，那些擔心核能事故的人認為關閉核電站是一個明智的決定，為德國決定廣泛使用再生能源鋪路。2011 年日本福島事故後，德國宣布逐步清除核電。核能安全是導致所有核電站關閉的主要驅動力。過去，核能占德國能源的三分之一。現在只有 6%。再生能源現在占 44%。到 2030 年，德國的目標是 80% 的電力來自風力和太陽能等再生能源。然而，一些人認為，如果德國想在 2045 年之前停止使用化石燃料，它將不得不再次使用核能。麻省理工學院的科學家和研究人員給德國政府寫了一封公開信，並表示「這非常令人失望，當低碳核能等能源是可用的，並且可以繼續運行 40 年……應該優先考慮快速零排碳。」這封公開信並沒有成功地讓核電廠保持運轉。

很明顯，全世界人民都面臨著有史以來最大的氣候變化挑戰。處理氣候變化問題的時間所剩無幾。關閉零碳電力來源似乎很令人沮喪。

38. 下列哪項描述正確？  
(A) 幾乎所有的德國人都同意政府關閉核電站的計劃。  
(B) 在 2035 年以後，德國大約 6% 的能源將由核電產出。  
(C) 關閉核電站延遲的部分原因是因為戰爭。  
(D) 麻省理工學院科學家寫的信成功地說服德國政府。
39. 以下哪個的含義與劃線的 phase out 最相近？  
(A) 去除 (B) 鄙視 (C) 趕上 (D) 利用
40. 作者對核電站的態度為何？  
(A) 生氣 (B) 消極 (C) 支持 (D) 可恥
41. 下面哪張圖最能描述德國使用再生能源的計劃？德國逐漸提高對再生能源的使用，故選(A)
42. 德國關閉所有核電廠的主要原因為何？  
(A) 能源費用的增加。  
(B) 大眾的意見反對核電廠。  
(C) 核電廠的危險。

(D) 努力要對抗氣候變遷。

## 二、非選擇題

### I. 填充

1. different ; care

評閱指標

級分	說明
4	2 個空格皆正確。
2	僅 1 個空格正確。
0	2 個空格皆錯誤。

### II. 句子重組

2. Henry / is good at dancing / who / the lovely girl / wants to know

解答：Henry wants to know the lovely girl who is good at dancing.

評閱指標

級分	說明
4	所有字詞組合正確，且拼字、大小寫及標點均無誤。
3	(1) 所有字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 多數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
2	(1) 多數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 半數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
1	(1) 半數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 少數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
0	(1) 少數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 所有字詞組合錯誤。 (3) 只抄引導文字、題目或其他試題。 (4) 空白(未書寫文字)。

### III. 中譯英

3. 學會如何克服生活上的困難對學生而言是很重要的。

解答：It is (very/quite/extremely) important/significant/essential/crucial for students to learn how to overcome/get over difficulties/hardship(s) in life.

或 Learning how to overcome/get over difficulties/hardship(s) in life is (very/quite/extremely) important/significant/essential/crucial to students.

評閱指標

級分	說明
4	能充分表達原文題意，文法、標點正確，用字遣詞沒有不當之處。
3	能適切表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數不當之處。

2	僅能部分表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞有多處失當之處。
1	無法表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數正確之處。
0	(1) 空白(未書寫文字)。 (2) 文字瑣碎、形同未答。 (3) 只抄題目或其他試題。 (4) 內容完全離題或錯誤。

## 一、選擇題(第 1 至 42 題，每題 2 分，共 84 分)

## I. 字彙題

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。

第 9 至 10 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. The young actress became an overnight \_\_\_\_\_ after her outstanding performance in the blockbuster movie.  
(A) failure (B) celebrity (C) operator (D) politician
2. Sarah accidentally spilled her drink at the party, and she felt \_\_\_\_\_ as all eyes turned to her.  
(A) embarrassed (B) pleased (C) inspired (D) confused
3. The teacher's goal was to explain the \_\_\_\_\_ mathematical concepts and make them understandable to all students.  
(A) reliable (B) mobile (C) vivid (D) complex
4. The charity organization worked tirelessly to \_\_\_\_\_ food and supplies to those affected by the earthquake.  
(A) distribute (B) improve (C) resist (D) perform
5. The family carefully planned their expenses to ensure they stayed within their \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) aspect (B) expansion (C) memory (D) budget
6. The professor emphasizes the importance of critical thinking so much that he \_\_\_\_\_ uses questioning to guide students to do some thinking.  
(A) reluctantly (B) elegantly (C) frequently (D) apparently
7. The museum is \_\_\_\_\_ many precious collections of ancient Egyptian objects, which tell us a lot about people's life of that time.  
(A) educating (B) exhibiting (C) exhausting (D) exploding
8. The father couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ the loud noise from his little boys, yelling at them to be quiet.  
(A) put up with (B) look forward to (C) live up to (D) come up with
9. The charity aims to aid the elderly with daily chores and provide companionship.  
(A) expose (B) neglect (C) assist (D) punish
10. Regular exercise and a healthy diet can help prevent many chronic diseases, such as heart disease and diabetes.  
(A) ignore (B) awake (C) pretend (D) avoid

## II. 對話題

說明：第 11 至 20 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

11. Jason: I'm really sorry for canceling our plans at the last minute.  
 Laura: What a pity! I feel like spending time together.  
 Jason: \_\_\_\_\_ But something unexpected came up.  
 Laura: Well, apology accepted.
- (A) Couldn't be better. (B) You should take a break.  
 (C) I didn't mean to let you down. (D) I had nothing to do with that.

12. Emma: Hey, do you want to go hiking this weekend? The weather forecast looks great.  
Peter: Oh, I appreciate the offer, but \_\_\_\_\_ I have a lot of work to catch up on.  
Emma: OK, no problem. Maybe we can plan it for another time when you are available.  
(A) I'm going to the beach instead. (B) I'll pass this time.  
(C) let's watch a movie at home. (D) do you want to bake cookies together?
13. Customs officer: Good morning! May I have your passport and ticket, please?  
Tourist: Yes. Here you are.  
Customs officer: Thank you. Could you please let me know \_\_\_\_\_  
Tourist: I'll be here for two weeks, exploring the sights and enjoying the culture.  
Customs officer: That sounds fantastic. Enjoy your trip, and have a nice day!  
(A) how long you will be staying in our country? (B) whether you have been here before?  
(C) who is going to pick you up? (D) how much cash you are carrying with you?
14. Beryl: I can't believe you forgot to bring the keys again. We're locked out!  
Oscar: I'm so sorry. I completely forgot. It's been a hectic day.  
Beryl: This isn't the first time you've forgotten something important. \_\_\_\_\_  
Oscar: I know, and I'm terribly sorry for it. I'll make sure to be more organized in the future.  
(A) It's good that you learn from your mistakes. (B) Let's just give up and go home.  
(C) It's not a big deal, don't worry. (D) There you go again.
15. Rex: I just bought this brand new jacket. The department store was having a clearance sale, and I saved a lot of money.  
Diana: Then how much did you pay for it?  
Rex: I got it for only \$50. \_\_\_\_\_  
Diana: Good for you!  
(A) I wonder if I should pay with my credit card.  
(B) That's a good bargain considering its original price.  
(C) I should check out other stores.  
(D) I wish I could afford such luxury.
16. Teddy: Hello, may I speak to Mr. Johnson?  
Secretary: I'm sorry. He is not here right now. \_\_\_\_\_  
Teddy: Yes, please. Tell him the meeting this afternoon has been rescheduled to tomorrow at 2 p.m.  
Secretary: OK, no problem. I'll pass along the message.  
(A) Would you like to leave a message for him?  
(B) Can you please hold the line?  
(C) Would you like to speak with someone else?  
(D) Can I take your contact information?
17. Will: The importance of preserving the environment cannot be overstated.  
Kelly: Absolutely! We need to take action to protect our planet and its resources.  
Will: Every individual's effort counts, whether it's reducing waste or conserving energy.  
Kelly: \_\_\_\_\_ Our responsibility is crucial for a sustainable future.  
(A) I'm sorry to hear that. (B) I can't agree with you more.  
(C) What have you done actually? (D) It's none of my business.

18. Tracy: Hey, do you want to grab dinner tonight?  
 Sean: That sounds great! Where should we go?  
 Tracy: There's a new Italian restaurant downtown. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sean: Definitely. Let them know we need a table for two.  
 Tracy: Alright, I'll take care of it. Can't wait for our dinner date!  
 (A) What's your favorite dish there? (B) Can you tell me about the chef?  
 (C) Can you recommend any nearby attractions? (D) Shall I make a reservation?
19. Simon: Thank you so much for helping me move all the furniture.  
 Cindy: \_\_\_\_\_ I'm always happy to lend a hand.  
 Simon: Seriously, I couldn't have done it without you.  
 Cindy: It was my pleasure. Let me know if you need any more assistance in the future.  
 Simon: Will do. Thanks again!  
 (A) You owe me one. (B) I'm expecting a big favor in return.  
 (C) Don't mention it. (D) I regret helping you now.
20. Stanley: What have you been up to lately?  
 Gloria: Well, I've been exploring a new hobby. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Stanley: That's awesome! What type of dishes have you been experimenting with?  
 Gloria: I've been trying out different cuisines like Italian and Thai. It's been quite exciting.  
 Stanley: I'm glad to see your passion for cooking. I'm sure you'll become a great chef in no time.  
 (A) I've been sleeping a lot. (B) I'm really into cooking.  
 (C) I've been collecting baseball cards. (D) I'm decorating my kitchen and dining room.

### III. 綜合測驗

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 21-25 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

The Line app is very popular in Taiwan. In fact, it has become a necessary part of people's everyday lives. The Line app offers different features that have grabbed the attention of Taiwanese users, 21 a wide range of fun stickers. These stickers create a visual language that adds joy to conversations. They not only allow people to show emotions and messages in a unique and playful way, but also change the online communication experience.

However, relying too much on stickers also 22 its downsides. While stickers help with expression, they may lack the depth and skillfulness of spoken and unspoken cues. This can sometimes lead to misunderstandings or difficulties in expressing subtle emotions. Using stickers excessively can also slow down effective and clear communication, as long conversations 23 stickers can be overwhelming and time-consuming. 24 these challenges, Line's stickers have certainly had a big impact on communication by bringing liveliness and creativity to online conversations. It's important to 25 a balance and use stickers wisely to ensure clear and efficient communication.

21. (A) included (B) inclusive (C) includes (D) including  
 22. (A) having (B) are (C) with (D) has  
 23. (A) compared to (B) filled with (C) regarded as (D) known for  
 24. (A) Despite (B) In spite (C) Instead of (D) Even though  
 25. (A) draw (B) catch (C) strike (D) hit

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 26-30 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

“One Night Ultimate Werewolf” is a social deduction game for three to ten players. It is an exciting party game 26 players take on secret roles as clever werewolves, villagers, a witch, or a prophet. The goal is to find and remove the werewolves before time 27 by using the special abilities of the witch and the prophetic insight of the prophet. Thus, “One Night Ultimate Werewolf” is a game of cleverness, survival, and mystery.

Set in a village, the game is easy for players to learn how to play. There are various roles in this game. Each player gets a card with a secret identity, like a werewolf, villager, witch, or prophet. During the night, the witch can help or harm a player, 28 the prophet gains information by peeking at another player’s card. In the daytime, players discuss and share suspicions. After careful observation, a vote 29 to get rid of suspected werewolves. Successfully finding and removing the werewolves leads to victory for the villagers. “One Night Ultimate Werewolf” combines thinking, guessing, and talking, 30 it a great choice for an enjoyable game night with friends and family. Get ready for an exciting experience!

26. (A) which (B) that (C) when (D) where
27. (A) fools around (B) passes on (C) runs out (D) brings about
28. (A) as if (B) while (C) because (D) in order that
29. (A) is taken (B) has taken (C) taking (D) taken
30. (A) makes (B) making (C) and make (D) made

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

說明：以下有四篇短文，共有 12 個題目，為第 31 至 42 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲閱讀下文，回答第 31-32 題

### The Ultimate High School Dance Party

Join us for an electrifying night of dancing, music, and fun!

#### ☺Highlights:

- | Non-stop music and exciting dance battles
- | Capture memorable moments at our photo booth
- | Delicious food and drinks provided by the Student Association

#### ☺Details:

- | Date: May 31st, Friday
- | Time: 7:00 PM - 10:00 PM
- | Venue: Student Activity Center

#### ☺Admission:

- | 1st grade: FREE entry
- | 2nd and 3rd grade: \$100 per person

- ★No dress code! Bring your student ID for easy entry.
- ★Food and drinks provided to keep you refreshed.
- ★Get your tickets at the Student Association Office or contact [ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com](mailto:ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com) by May 20th.
- ★Limited tickets available! Don't miss out!



☺Contact us:

| Phone: XXX-XXXXXXX

| Email: ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com

Let's dance the night away and make unforgettable memories!

31. Where can attendees purchase tickets for the event?  
 (A) At the Student Activity Center.  
 (B) Online through a website.  
 (C) From the Student Association Office.  
 (D) At the entrance of the event.
32. What are the clothing requirements for the dance party?  
 (A) You should wear formally. (B) You must wear dance shoes.  
 (C) You must dress up in costumes. (D) There are no specific rules for clothes.

▲閱讀下文，回答第 33-34 題

Thank you for buying our product! We appreciate your purchase. Please read the following procedures carefully to assemble your chair. It's important to follow the steps for a safe and enjoyable experience.

**Step 1: Unpacking**

Take out all the parts from the box. Make sure you have everything listed in the checklist.

**Step 2: Preparation**

Find a clean area to work on. Lay out the parts and tools in front of you.

**Step 3: Assembly**

Start by attaching the seat cushion to the chair base. Use the screws and a screwdriver to secure it.

Put the chair backrest on the base. Line up the holes and use the screws provided to attach them together.

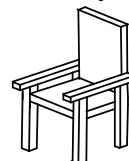
Attach the armrests to the sides of the chair. Match the holes and use the screws to fix them in place.

Connect the chair legs to the bottom of the base. Make sure every part is positioned correctly and tighten the screws.

**Step 4: Final Check**

Check if all the parts are secure and there are no loose connections.

Congratulations! Your chair is ready to use. Sit back, relax, and enjoy!



If you have any questions or need help, feel free to contact our customer support. Thank you for choosing our product. We hope you have a great time with your new chair!

33. What is the passage mostly likely to be?  
 (A) An advertisement. (B) A product review.  
 (C) An instruction manual. (D) A product warranty.
34. What are the correct steps for assembling the chair?  
 (A) Attach seat cushion, put backrest, attach armrests, and connect legs.  
 (B) Connect legs, attach armrests, attach seat cushion, and put backrest.  
 (C) Attach armrests, connect legs, attach seat cushion, and put backrest.  
 (D) Attach armrests, attach seat cushion, connect legs, and put backrest.

▲閱讀下文，回答第 35-37 題

City: Blossomville



Get ready for the changing weather in Blossomville this week. It's the plum rain season, and a front is coming with rain. Let's see what's coming up:

Monday	Mostly cloudy with scattered showers, around 20°C. Rain will come and go, so bring your umbrella.
Tuesday	The front gets closer, with steadier rain expected. Mostly cloudy with a bit more rain, cooler at around 18°C.
Wednesday	Front arrives, thunderstorms with heavy rain. Stay indoors due to lightning and thunder. Cooler, around 16°C.
Thursday	Front continues, ongoing moderate and widespread rainfall. Damp and cool at around 16°C.
Friday	Strongest point of the front, heavy rain and potential flooding. Stay safe indoors. Temperature around 15°C.
Saturday	Front starts moving away, with rain easing up. Clouds gradually clearing, possible afternoon sun. Around 17°C.
Sunday	Weather improves as the front completely leaves. Clear skies, abundant sunshine. Temperature rises to around 20°C, bringing warmth and a fresh start.

35. What is the reason for the changing weather in Blossomville this week?  
 (A) Winter season approaching. (B) Plum rain season.  
 (C) Summer heatwave. (D) Tropical low pressure.
36. Which day is expected to have the heaviest rainfall?  
 (A) Monday. (B) Wednesday. (C) Thursday. (D) Friday.
37. How does the weather change from Wednesday to Sunday?  
 (A) From thunderstorms to clear skies.  
 (B) From scattered showers to thunderstorms.  
 (C) From cloudy with steady rain to rain easing up.  
 (D) From mostly cloudy to abundant sunshine.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 38-42 題

Bananas are delicious and packed with vital nutrients that are important for a healthy diet. These yellow fruits are rich in vitamins, minerals, and fiber. They are especially known for their high potassium content, which is vital for maintaining heart health and regulating blood pressure. Bananas also provide significant amounts of vitamin C, vitamin B6, manganese, and magnesium. These nutrients work together to support energy production, immune function, and red blood cell formation. With their impressive nutritional value, bananas are an excellent choice for a **well-rounded** diet.

Adding bananas to your daily diet offers numerous advantages. Firstly, bananas are a great source of natural energy. They are a favorite among athletes and active individuals for a quick and long-lasting energy boost they provide. Additionally, bananas are gentle on the stomach and easy to digest, and this makes them suitable for those with digestive issues or people recovering from illness. The fiber content in bananas helps promote a healthy digestive system and prevents constipation. Moreover, bananas contain natural sugar, which makes them a healthier alternative to processed snacks. The combination of vitamins and antioxidants in bananas further maintains overall health and strengthens the immune system. Convenient and portable, bananas are also an ideal snack for people with busy lifestyles.

Although bananas offer numerous health benefits, it is important to consume them in moderation. Overeating bananas can result in an excessive intake of natural sugar, which may cause people to gain weight and elevate blood sugar levels. Individuals with diabetes or those following a low-sugar diet should monitor their banana consumption accordingly. Additionally, allergies or digestive discomfort may occur, so consult a healthcare professional if needed. With proper consumption, bananas can be a valuable addition to a well-balanced and nutritious eating plan.

38. What is the best title for this article?  
(A) "Banana: The Most Popular Fruit" (B) "The Importance of Essential Nutrients"  
(C) "Healthy and Delicious Banana Recipes" (D) "Bananas: A Tasty and Healthy Choice"
39. According to the article, which nutrient is not mentioned as being present in bananas?  
(A) Calcium (B) Vitamin C (C) Vitamin B6 (D) Manganese
40. Which of the following is true according to the article?  
(A) If you have digestive problems, you had better not to have bananas.  
(B) It is natural sugar that makes bananas a healthier alternative to processed snacks.  
(C) Bananas are popular among athletes because they are easy to carry around.  
(D) The more bananas you have, the healthier you are.
41. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to the underlined word "well-rounded"?  
(A) Limited. (B) Low-fat. (C) Balanced. (D) Exclusive.
42. What can be inferred about the author's ideas of consuming bananas?  
(A) The author discourages the consumption of bananas due to potential health risks.  
(B) The author advises against incorporating bananas into a well-balanced diet.  
(C) The author recommends consuming bananas in moderation for health benefits.  
(D) The author suggests that bananas are the only necessary fruit in a nutritious eating plan.

## 二、非選擇題(第 I 題，每格 2 分，共 4 分；第 II 題 6 分；第 III 題 6 分；共 16 分)

### I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. Peter 時常參與志工活動以對社會做出貢獻。  
Peter often p ① in volunteering activities to make a c ② to the society.

### II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 6 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. the robber / As soon as / he / saw / ran away / the police officer,

### III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. Sam 忘記在回家的路上要買一打雞蛋。

【以下空白】

# 112 學年度四技二專第二次聯合模擬考試

## 共同科目 英文 詳解

112-2-2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
B	A	D	A	D	C	B	A	C	D	C	B	A	D	B	A	B	D	C	B	D
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
D	B	A	C	D	C	B	A	B	C	D	C	A	B	D	A	D	A	B	C	C

### 一、選擇題

#### I. 字彙題

1. 這位年輕女演員在賣座鉅片中的優秀表現後，一夜之間成爲了\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 失敗 (B) 名人 (C) 作業員 (D) 政治家
2. 莎拉在派對上不小心灑了飲料，當所有目光轉向她，她感到\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 尷尬的 (B) 愉悅的 (C) 被啓發的 (D) 困惑的
3. 那位老師的目標是解釋\_\_\_\_\_數學概念，讓所有學生都能理解。  
(A) 可依賴的；可靠的 (B) 可動的；移動式的  
(C) 生動的 (D) 複雜的
4. 這個慈善組織不辭辛勞地\_\_\_\_\_食物和物資給受地震影響的人們。  
(A) 分發 (B) 改善 (C) 抵抗 (D) 執行
5. 這個家庭仔細計劃他們的開支，確保他們在\_\_\_\_\_內。  
(A) 方面 (B) 擴大 (C) 記憶 (D) 預算
6. 這位教授非常強調批判性思維的重要性，以致於他\_\_\_\_\_使用提問方式引導學生思考。  
(A) 不情願地 (B) 優雅地 (C) 經常 (D) 明顯地
7. 這個博物館正\_\_\_\_\_許多珍貴的古埃及文物，這些文物告訴我們許多當時人們的生活。  
(A) 教育 (B) 展覽 (C) 耗盡 (D) 爆炸
8. 這位父親無法\_\_\_\_\_兒子們大聲吵鬧，對他們叫喊著要他們安靜。  
(A) 忍受 (B) 期待 (C) 達成(要求、期待) (D) 想出
9. 這個慈善機構目的在協助老人處理日常家務並提供陪伴。  
(A) 暴露 (B) 忽視 (C) 幫助 (D) 懲罰
10. 定期運動和健康飲食可以幫助防止許多慢性疾病，如心臟病和糖尿病。  
(A) 忽略 (B) 喚醒 (C) 假裝 (D) 避免

#### II. 對話題

11. 傑森：對不起我臨時取消了我們的計劃。  
蘿拉：好可惜啊，我好想聚一聚啊。  
傑森：\_\_\_\_\_但是實在是有意外事情發生。  
蘿拉：嗯，我接受你的道歉。  
(A) 再好不過。  
(B) 你應該休息一下。  
(C) 我並不是有意讓你失望。  
(D) 我跟那無關。
12. 艾瑪：嘿，這個週末你想去健行嗎？天氣預報看起來

很好。

彼得：哦，感謝你的邀請，但是\_\_\_\_\_我有很多工作要趕。

艾瑪：好的，沒問題。也許我們可以在你有空的時候計劃一下。

(A) 我打算去海灘。 (B) 這次我跳過，不去了。  
(C) 我們在家看電影吧。 (D) 你想一起烤餅乾嗎？

13. 海關人員：早安，可以請你給我你的護照和機票嗎？

旅客：好的，在這裡。

海關人員：謝謝。請問\_\_\_\_\_

旅客：我會在這裡待兩個星期，參觀名勝和享受文化。

海關人員：聽起來很棒。祝你旅途愉快，有個順心的一天！

(A) 你打算在我們國家逗留多久？

(B) 你來過這裡嗎？

(C) 誰會來接你？

(D) 你身上帶了多少現金？

14. 貝莉爾：我不敢相信你又忘了帶鑰匙。我們被鎖在外面了！

奧斯卡：非常抱歉，我完全忘記了。今天太忙了。

貝莉爾：這不是你第一次忘記重要的事情了。

奧斯卡：我知道，我非常抱歉。我會確保以後做事會更有條理的。

(A) 你從錯誤中學到了是好事。

(B) 我們放棄，然後回家吧。

(C) 小事沒什麼大不了，不要擔心。

(D) 你又來了。

15. 雷克斯：我剛買了這件全新的夾克。百貨公司正在進行清倉特賣，我省了很多錢。

黛安娜：那麼你是花了多少錢買的？

雷克斯：我只花了 50 美元買到的。\_\_\_\_\_

黛安娜：真爲你高興。

(A) 我在想是否應該用信用卡支付。

(B) 考慮到原價，這的確是一個好的交易。

(C) 我應該去其他商店看看。

(D) 我真希望我能負擔得起這樣的奢侈品。

16. 泰迪：你好，請問強生先生在嗎？

秘書：很抱歉，他現在不在。\_\_\_\_\_

泰迪：好的，麻煩您。請告訴他今天下午的會議已經改期到明天下午 2 點。

秘書：好的，沒問題，我會把訊息傳遞給他。

(A) 您想給他留個話嗎？

- (B) 您能稍等一下嗎？  
 (C) 您還要跟其他人說嗎？  
 (D) 我能記下您的聯繫方式嗎？
17. 威爾：保護環境的重要性不容忽視。  
 凱莉：完全同意！我們需要採取行動保護我們的地球和資源。  
 威爾：每個人的努力都很重要，無論是減少浪費還是節約能源。  
 凱莉：\_\_\_\_\_ 我們的責任對於永續的未來至關重要。  
 (A) 很遺憾聽到此事。  
 (B) 我完全同意你的觀點。  
 (C) 你到底做了什麼？  
 (D) 這不關我的事。
18. 崔西：嘿，今晚你想一起吃晚餐嗎？  
 席恩：聽起來很不錯！我們去哪裡？  
 崔西：市區有一家新的義大利餐廳。  
 席恩：當然。讓他們知道我們需要一張雙人桌。  
 崔西：好的，我來安排。期待我們的晚餐約會！  
 (A) 那裡有什麼是你最喜歡的菜？  
 (B) 你能告訴我有關主廚的情況嗎？  
 (C) 你能推薦附近的景點嗎？  
 (D) 我應該預訂一下嗎？
19. 賽門：非常感謝你幫我搬運所有的家具。  
 辛蒂：\_\_\_\_\_ 我一直都很樂意幫忙的。  
 賽門：說真的，沒有你我無法做到這一切。  
 辛蒂：我很樂意。如果你將來需要任何幫助，請告訴我。  
 賽門：我會的。再次感謝！  
 (A) 你欠我一個人情。  
 (B) 我期待著得到一個大的回報。  
 (C) 不客氣。  
 (D) 現在我後悔幫助你了。
20. 史丹利：最近你都在忙些什麼？  
 葛若莉亞：嗯，我正在探索一個新的愛好。  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 史丹利：太棒了！你試過哪些類型的菜餚？  
 葛若莉亞：我嘗試了義大利菜和泰國菜等不同的料理。這真是令人興奮。  
 史丹利：我很高興看到你對烹飪的熱情。我相信你很快就會成爲一個很棒的廚師。  
 (A) 我一直在睡覺。  
 (B) 我對烹飪非常感興趣。  
 (C) 我一直在收集棒球卡。  
 (D) 我正在粉刷廚房與餐廳。

### III. 綜合測驗

#### Question 21-25

Line 應用程式在臺灣非常受歡迎，事實上，它已經成爲人們日常生活中不可或缺的一部分。Line 應用程式提供了各種特色，引起了臺灣用戶的關注，(21)包括豐富多樣的貼圖。這些貼圖創造了一種視覺語言，爲對話增添了樂趣。它們不只以獨特而有趣的方式讓人們表達情感和訊息，更改變了線上溝通的體驗。

然而，過度依賴貼圖也(22)有其缺點。雖然貼圖有助於表達，但它們可能缺乏口頭和非語言提示的深度和技巧。這有時可能導致誤解或難以表達微妙的情感。過度使用貼圖還可能降低有效和清楚的溝通，因爲(23)充滿貼圖的長對話可能令人崩潰並且耗時。(24)儘管面臨這些挑戰，Line 的貼圖爲線上對話帶來了活力和創意，無疑對溝通產生了重大影響。重要的是要在聰明地使用貼圖與清楚高效率溝通之間(25)找到平衡。

21. 根據文意，選擇介係詞 including，後接名詞，包括豐富多樣的表情貼圖  
 22. relying too much on stickers 爲動名詞當主詞，動詞應爲單數動詞  
 23. (A) 與…比較 (B) 充滿  
 (C) 被視爲… (D) 以…聞名  
 24. (A) despite 爲介系詞，後接名詞或動名詞  
 (B) 應爲 in spite of  
 (C) 代替  
 (D) even though 是連接詞，後面應接子句  
 25. strike a balance 爲片語，意思爲「達到平衡」

#### Question 26-30

「狼人殺(One Night Ultimate Werewolf)」是提供 3 到 10 位玩家的社交推斷遊戲。它是一項刺激的派對遊戲，(26)在此遊戲中玩家們扮演狡猾的狼人、村民、女巫或預言家等不同的秘密身份。目標是利用女巫的特殊能力和預言家的預知洞察力在時間(27)耗盡之前找出並消滅狼人。因此，「狼人殺」是一個結合謀略、生存和神秘感十足的遊戲。

遊戲場景設定在一個村落，玩家易於學習，遊戲有多種角色。每位玩家都會收到一張帶有秘密身份的角色卡，如狼人、村民、女巫或預言家。在夜晚，女巫可以幫助或傷害其他玩家，(28)而預言家則可以窺探其他玩家的角色卡獲得信息。在白天，玩家們進行討論並分享懷疑的對象。經過深思熟慮後，(29)進行投票以淘汰有嫌疑的狼人。成功找出並消滅狼人將爲村民帶來勝利。「狼人殺」結合了思考、猜測和交流，(30)這讓遊戲非常適合和朋友和家人一起度過愉快的遊戲之夜。準備好享受刺激的體驗吧！

26. where 爲關係副詞，等於 in which，後接完整子句，指在此遊戲中…  
 27. (A) 閒混 (B) 傳遞 (C) 用完，耗盡 (D) 導致  
 28. 根據句意，表達對比，不同的角色要進行不同的事，連接詞選 while，意思爲「…而…」  
 29. 此題因爲票是「被投」的，所以爲被動語氣用法  
 30. 原句爲 which makes...，省略 which，makes 改爲 making

### IV. 閱讀測驗

#### Question 31-32

#### 最強高中舞會派對

加入我們，享受激動人心的跳舞、音樂和歡樂之夜！

◎精彩亮點：

- | 不斷播放的音樂和刺激的舞蹈對決
- | 在我們的照相亭留下難忘的時刻
- | 學生會提供美味的食物和飲品

## ◎活動詳情：

| 日期：5月31日，星期五  
| 時間：晚上7:00至10:00  
| 地點：學生活動中心

## ◎入場費用：

| 一年級：免費入場  
| 二、三年級：每人100元

- ★無服裝規定！帶上您的學生證以便快速入場。
- ★提供食物和飲品，讓您保持精力飽滿。
- ★在學生會辦公室購買門票或在5月20日前聯繫 [ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com](mailto:ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com)
- ★限量門票！不要錯過！

## ◎聯絡我們：

| 電話：XXX-XXXXXXX  
| 電郵：[ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com](mailto:ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com)  
讓我們一起跳舞，創造難忘的回憶！

31. 參加者可以在哪裡購買活動的門票？

- (A) 在學生活動中心。 (B) 在網站上線上購買。  
(C) 在學生會辦公室。 (D) 在活動入口處。

說明：通知中提到，參加者可以在學生會辦公室購買活動的門票，或在5月20日前聯繫 [ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com](mailto:ultimatedanceparty@gmail.com)

32. 舞會派對的服裝要求是什麼？

- (A) 你應當穿著正式。  
(B) 你必須穿舞鞋。  
(C) 你必須打扮，穿著化妝服。  
(D) 沒有特定的著裝規定。

說明：根據通知，最強高中舞會派對沒有提到特定的著裝規定

## Question 33-34

感謝您購買我們的產品！我們非常感謝您的購買。請仔細閱讀以下步驟，組裝您的椅子。遵循這些步驟對於安全和愉快的使用體驗至關重要。

**步驟 1：拆包**

從盒子中取出所有零件。確保您擁有清單上列出的所有物品。

**步驟 2：準備**

找一個乾淨的工作區域，將零件和工具擺在您面前。

**步驟 3：組裝**

首先將坐墊固定在椅子底座上。使用螺絲和螺絲起子固定。

將椅背放在底座上。對準孔並使用提供的螺絲將其連接在一起。

將扶手安裝在椅子的側邊。對齊孔並使用螺絲將其固定在位。

將椅腳連接到底座底部。確保每個部份位置正確並緊固螺絲。

**步驟 4：最後檢查**

檢查所有零件是否固定且接合處沒有鬆動。

恭喜！您的椅子已經準備好可以使用了。坐下來，放鬆一下，盡情享受！

如果您有任何問題或需要幫助，請隨時聯繫我們的客戶支援。感謝您選擇我們的產品。希望您在使用新椅子時度過美好的時光！

33. 這篇文章最有可能為何者？

- (A) 廣告。  
(B) 產品評論。  
(C) 使用手冊。  
(D) 產品保證書。

34. 組裝椅子的正確步驟是什麼？

- (A) 安裝坐墊，放置椅背，安裝扶手，並連接椅腳。  
(B) 連接椅腳，安裝扶手，安裝坐墊，並放置椅背。  
(C) 安裝扶手，連接椅腳，安裝坐墊，並放置椅背。  
(D) 安裝扶手，安裝坐墊，連接椅腳，並放置椅背。  
說明：組裝椅子的正確順序是先安裝坐墊，放置椅背，然後安裝扶手，最後連接椅腳

## Question 35-37

城市：布洛薩姆維爾

在布洛薩姆維爾，做好準備迎接這一週多變的天氣。現在正值梅雨季節，一股鋒面即將來臨，帶來雨水。讓我們看看這一週會發生什麼：

星期一	大部分時間多雲，有時會有零星的陣雨。氣溫約攝氏 20 度。雨勢來來去去，別忘了帶上雨傘。
星期二	鋒面越來越近，雨勢預計變得更加穩定。大部分多雲帶些雨。氣溫稍降，約攝氏 18 度。
星期三	鋒面抵達，將帶來雷雨和大雨。由於有閃電和雷聲，最好待在室內。氣溫再降，約攝氏 16 度。
星期四	鋒面持續，帶中等雨勢，下雨面積廣泛，氣候潮濕且涼爽，氣溫約攝氏 16 度。
星期五	鋒面達到最強，帶來豪大雨，注意可能發生洪水。請保持安全，待在室內。氣溫約攝氏 15 度。
星期六	鋒面開始遠離，降雨逐漸減緩。雲層漸漸消散，可能在下午見到陽光。氣溫約攝氏 17 度。
星期日	隨著鋒面完全離開，天氣好轉，將有晴朗的天空，陽光普照。氣溫回升至約攝氏 20 度，帶來暖和以及新的開始。

35. 本週布洛薩姆維爾的天氣變化原因是什麼？

- (A) 冬季逼近。 (B) 梅雨季節。  
(C) 夏季熱浪。 (D) 熱帶低氣壓。

說明：資訊中提到布洛薩姆維爾的天氣變化是由於梅雨季節，表示有雨水和天氣變動

36. 預計哪一天降雨量最大？

- (A) 星期一。 (B) 星期三。  
(C) 星期四。 (D) 星期五。

說明：根據資訊，星期五被稱為鋒面最強的時刻，降雨量大且可能引發洪水。這意味著星期五預計是這幾天中降雨量最大的日子

37. 從星期三到星期日的天氣如何變化？

- (A) 從雷雨到晴朗天空。  
(B) 從零星陣雨到雷雨。  
(C) 從多雲降雨到降雨減弱。  
(D) 從大部分多雲到陽光普照。

說明：資訊顯示星期三將有雷雨和大雨，但到了星期

日，隨著鋒面完全離開，天氣好轉，將呈現晴朗天空和充沛陽光。這表示從星期三到星期日的天氣由雷雨轉為晴朗

#### Question 38-42

香蕉美味且富含對健康飲食至關重要的營養素。這種黃色水果富含維生素、礦物質和纖維。它們尤其以高鉀聞名，對維持心臟健康和調節血壓至關重要。香蕉還含有豐富的維生素 C、維生素 B6、錳和鎂。這些營養素共同合作，支持身體能量的產生、免疫功能的發揮和紅血球的形成。憑藉其令人印象深刻的營養價值，香蕉是均衡飲食的絕佳選擇。

每天飲食中加入香蕉具有眾多優點。首先，香蕉是天然能量的絕佳來源。它們能提供快速而持久的能量提升，因此受到運動員和活動力大的人的喜愛。此外，香蕉對胃部溫和且易於消化，而這也使香蕉適合有消化問題或正在復原期間的人食用。香蕉中的纖維含量有助於促進消化系統的健康並預防便秘。此外，香蕉含有天然糖分，相較於加工零食，它們是更健康的選擇。香蕉中的維生素和抗氧化劑的結合進一步維持整體健康並增強免疫系統。香蕉方便攜帶，也是忙碌人士的理想零食。

儘管香蕉提供了眾多健康益處，但適度食用是很重要的。食用過多的香蕉可能導致過量攝入天然糖分，這可能導致體重增加或血糖升高。有糖尿病或遵循低糖飲食的人應相應監控香蕉的攝取量。此外，可能會出現過敏或消化不良的情況，因此如有需要，應諮詢醫療專業人士的意見。香蕉在恰當食用下，可以成為均衡且營養豐富的飲食計畫裡的寶貴補充。

38. 本文最好的標題是什麼？

- (A) 「香蕉：最受歡迎的水果」  
 (B) 「基本營養素的重要性」  
 (C) 「健康又美味的香蕉食譜」  
 (D) 「香蕉：美味又健康的選擇」

說明：文章的標題突出了香蕉的兩個方面，強調了它們的口感和營養益處

39. 文章中香蕉含有的營養素，下列哪個沒有被提及？

- (A) 鈣 (B) 維生素 C (C) 維生素 B6 (D) 錳

說明：文章中提到香蕉中含有大量的維生素 C、維生素 B6 和錳等營養素，但未提到鈣

40. 依據本文，以下何者敘述為真？

- (A) 如果你有消化問題，最好不要吃香蕉。  
 (B) 就是天然糖分讓香蕉成為比加工零食較為健康的選擇。  
 (C) 香蕉受到運動員青睞是因為易於攜帶。  
 (D) 吃越多香蕉，就越健康。

41. 下列哪個詞與畫底線的「well-rounded」最接近意思？

- (A) 有限的。 (B) 低脂的。  
 (C) 平衡的。 (D) 獨占的。

說明：「well-rounded」的意思是平衡和多樣化的組成。在文章的上下文中，它表示香蕉是一個適合多樣和平衡飲食的選擇。因此，選項(C)「平衡的」與「well-rounded」最接近意思

42. 關於作者對食用香蕉的觀點可以推斷出什麼？

- (A) 作者不鼓勵食用香蕉，因為可能存在潛在的健康風險。

(B) 作者建議不要將香蕉納入均衡飲食。

(C) 作者建議適量食用香蕉以獲得健康益處。

(D) 作者暗示香蕉是營養飲食計劃中唯一必要的水果。

說明：文章提到適量食用香蕉以避免潛在的健康風險，表明作者主張以均衡的方式食用香蕉

## 二、非選擇題

### I. 填充

1. participates ; contribution

說明：participate in 參與(活動)；make a contribution to 對...有貢獻

#### 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	2 個空格皆正確。
2	僅 1 個空格正確。
0	2 個空格皆錯誤。

### II. 句子重組

2. the robber / As soon as / he / saw / ran away / the police officer,

解答：As soon as the robber saw the police officer, he ran away.

說明：這搶匪一看到警察就跑走了。

As soon as S V, S V. 「一...就...」的句型

#### 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	所有字詞組合正確，且拼字、大小寫及標點均無誤。
3	(1) 所有字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 多數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
2	(1) 多數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 半數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
1	(1) 半數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 少數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
0	(1) 少數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 所有字詞組合錯誤。 (3) 只抄引導文字、題目或其他試題。 (4) 空白(未書寫文字)。

### III. 中譯英

3. Sam 忘記在回家的路上要買一打雞蛋。

解答：Sam forgets/forgot to buy a dozen eggs on his way home.

說明：forget to Vr. 忘記去做...；a dozen eggs 一打雞蛋；on one's way home 在回去的路上

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	能充分表達原文題意，文法、標點正確，用字遣詞沒有不當之處。
3	能適切表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數不當之處。
2	僅能部分表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞有多處失當之處。
1	無法表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數正確之處。
0	(1) 空白(未書寫文字)。 (2) 文字瑣碎、形同未答。 (3) 只抄題目或其他試題。 (4) 內容完全離題或錯誤。

## 一、選擇題(第 1 至 42 題，每題 2 分，共 84 分)

## I. 字彙題

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。

第 9 至 10 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. The new café in my neighborhood has quickly become a popular \_\_\_\_\_ for breakfast.  
(A) dot (B) cube (C) gulf (D) spot
2. Our school's study \_\_\_\_\_ program offers students opportunities to study in Australia and the USA.  
(A) aboard (B) abroad (C) board (D) broad
3. On a cold evening, I love to curl up with a good magazine in my \_\_\_\_\_ armchair by the fireplace.  
(A) favorite (B) positive (C) sincere (D) careless
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ painting captures the lively nature of the city with its vivid colors and details.  
(A) organic (B) extreme (C) intelligent (D) breathtaking
5. Local governments rely on \_\_\_\_\_ taxes such as land as their funding source for public services.  
(A) property (B) mechanic (C) justice (D) landmark
6. I am excited to visit Japan in the summer break and \_\_\_\_\_ the culture and cuisine.  
(A) control (B) refund (C) explore (D) admit
7. The doctor advised John to quit smoking \_\_\_\_\_ for the sake of his health and well-being.  
(A) traditionally (B) occasionally (C) immediately (D) frequently
8. I am considering \_\_\_\_\_ a new hobby, like painting or playing an instrument.  
(A) putting off (B) taking up (C) looking after (D) calling for
9. The sun slowly sank behind the horizon, turning the sky into burning oranges and reds.  
(A) drowned (B) drifted (C) drained (D) disappeared
10. I am interested in learning how to code and build websites as a potential career.  
(A) accusing (B) floating (C) challenging (D) promising

## II. 對話題

說明：第 11 至 20 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

11. Anna: More and more companies are adopting work-from-home policies.  
Belinda: Yes, but it doesn't work for everyone. It's not easy to stay motivated without a traditional office environment.  
Anna: I think it's great. It has a flexible work schedule.  
Belinda: That's true, but \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) it's on a bit of a timetable. (B) it's practical for everyone.  
(C) it needs more self-discipline. (D) it's conventional without a doubt.
12. Alice: Have you heard about the new art exhibit at the museum?  
Joe: No, I haven't. What's it about?  
Alice: It's a collection of modern abstract art from around the world. \_\_\_\_\_  
Joe: I'd love to!  
(A) What is the new art exhibit about? (B) Do you enjoy historical sculptures?  
(C) Would you like to check it out together? (D) How about landscape paintings?

13. Linda: How do you usually de-stress after a long day at work?  
 Wendy: I like to do some yoga. How about you?  
 Linda: I usually go for a run to unwind.  
 Wendy: Running can be so refreshing. \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) I should try it sometime. (B) That's why I love yoga.  
 (C) Are you warming up already? (D) Stress can be caused by running.
14. Charlie: Today's assignment is to identify the biggest problem facing our country right now.  
 May: I think the rising cost of living is a major one. What do you think of it?  
 Charlie: \_\_\_\_\_  
 May: Right. Our country is burning too much coal.  
 (A) Mental healthcare can benefit future generations.  
 (B) Climate change can be the most pressing one.  
 (C) Burning out involves developing a lack of interest.  
 (D) Renewable energy is derived from natural resources.
15. Alan: Have you read any good books lately?  
 Winnie: Yes, I just finished a detective fiction. The plot is tense. You?  
 Alan: I heard that a memoir about a tech woman is inspiring.  
 Winnie: \_\_\_\_\_ I might give it a read.  
 (A) That sounds interesting. (B) Memoirs are not my cup of tea.  
 (C) I'm keen on the movie trailer. (D) It is my best writing.
16. Sam: The use of social media has been increasing.  
 Nancy: I think it's a powerful tool, but \_\_\_\_\_  
 Sam: I can't agree with you more. That's why I try to limit my screen time. In fact, I mainly use it to keep in touch with my friends and family.  
 Nancy: That's a good approach.  
 (A) it can be time-consuming. (B) it helps users exchange ideas.  
 (C) it should be limited to specific age groups. (D) it's also a tool for connecting with others.
17. Sunny: Did you see the notice on the bulletin board?  
 Olivia: Yes. It says a free English class will be available to all employees. Are you planning on signing up?  
 Sunny: Great, but it's on the same day as my dance class.  
 Olivia: Wow, \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) I can't find information about the English class.  
 (B) I have to grasp the opportunity to learn dancing.  
 (C) I'm putting on a dance performance soon.  
 (D) I'd love to see you dance some other day.
18. Annie: The weather has been really nice these days. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Belinda: Indeed. I've been going for long walks in the park and enjoying the sunshine.  
 Annie: It's amazing how good weather uplifts our mood.  
 Belinda: Definitely!  
 (A) It has no impact on our mood. (B) It's perfect for outdoor activities.  
 (C) It is an outdoorsy place in summer. (D) It makes the moment much easier.

19. Peter: I'm thinking of redecorating my living room. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wendy: Well, it depends on your preference. What do you like?  
 Peter: I like a modern style with clean lines.  
 Wendy: In that case, you may use smooth furniture with bold pieces.  
 (A) What style is your living room? (B) How do you define your design style?  
 (C) Do you have any interior design tips? (D) Does it have a modern look and clean lines?
20. Alice: My father is going to retire. He needs to find something new to do. Any suggestions?  
 Jack: \_\_\_\_\_ It's a great way to record beautiful moments when he goes traveling.  
 Alice: That's a good idea. I'll let him know.  
 Jack: Great!  
 (A) How about skiing? (B) You may try cooking.  
 (C) Photography? (D) Why not play drums?

### III. 綜合測驗

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 21-25 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

A stopover in Seoul can be turned into an unforgettable adventure. Seoul boasts 21 unique cultural and historic landmarks. Travelers can engage themselves in Korean history by visiting palaces such as Gyeongbokgung and Deoksugung, 22 they can wander through the grand halls and admire the beautiful gardens. The changing of the guard ceremony is a spectacle that has attracted global attention. For food lovers, bustling markets and street stalls like Myeongdong and Namdaemun 23 delicious bibimbap, tteokbokki, and Korean barbecue. Modern attractions include COEX Mall, trendy cafés and restaurants. A trip 24 Namsan Tower gives a stunning 360-degree view of the city, and a jjimjilbang Korean sauna provides a chance to relax. Seoul presents endless opportunities to find something new, 25 unforgettable memories that will last a lifetime. Seoul has the possibility to become a remarkable experience.

21. (A) a wave of (B) a range of (C) a set of (D) a round of  
 22. (A) which (B) that (C) what (D) where  
 23. (A) offer (B) offers (C) offering (D) offered  
 24. (A) over (B) of (C) for (D) to  
 25. (A) create (B) to create (C) creating (D) created

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 26-30 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

The rapid progress of technology and the growing use of electronic devices have led to a serious problem of piling up electronic waste. Electronic waste (also known as e-waste) 26 any electronic device or equipment that is no longer of any use. These items contain a lot of dangerous materials such as lead, mercury, and other toxic elements. 27, proper e-waste management becomes significant to protect the environment and public health. Various methods exist for handling e-waste, including refurbishing, recycling, and placing it in landfills. These measures 28 help reduce the amount of dangerous waste 28 provide economic opportunities because they support the development of green technologies, encouraging innovation and investment in sustainable practices. Many countries have strict laws and 29 to control the collection, disposal, and recycling of e-waste. Education and awareness of proper disposal methods for individuals and communities are also important. 30 a sustainable and healthier environment, responsible e-waste management requires everyone to work together. Let's start doing it right now!

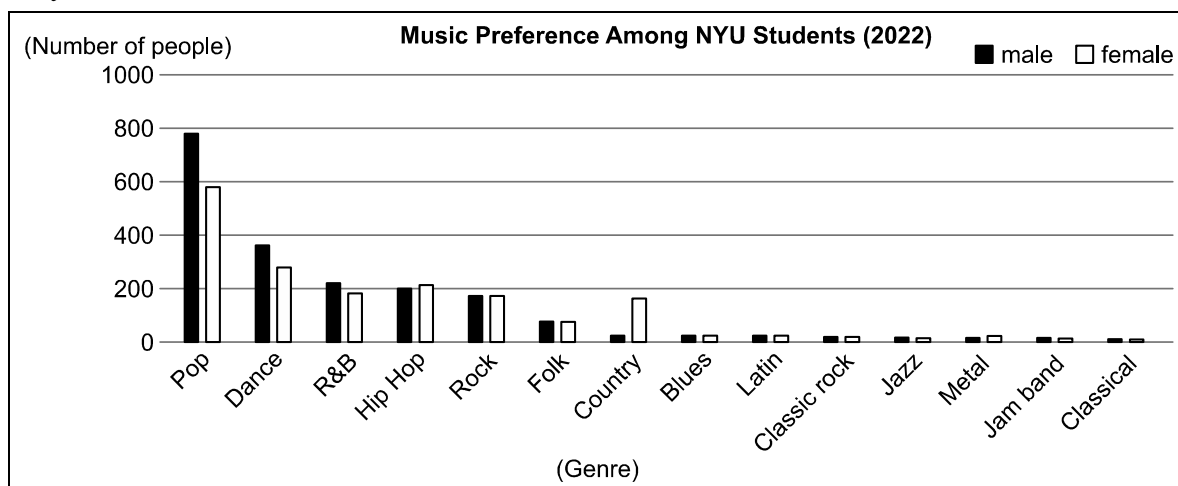
26. (A) refers to (B) belongs to (C) lives up to (D) gives rise to  
 27. (A) Instead (B) Moreover (C) Otherwise (D) Therefore  
 28. (A) either; or (B) not; but (C) not just; but (D) neither; nor  
 29. (A) mechanics (B) cushions (C) regulations (D) situations  
 30. (A) Achieving (B) To achieve (C) Achieved (D) Achieve

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

說明：以下有四篇短文，共有 12 個題目，為第 31 至 42 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

##### ▲閱讀下文，回答第 31-32 題

A recent study conducted in Britain suggests that attending live classical music performances can reduce stress levels. However, Spotify's data reveals a diverse trend among the students at New York University (NYU), which reflects the music-loving atmosphere of the school. The results of the NYU Student Music Preference Survey below, ranked from highest to lowest, show the range of genres preferred by the students.



31. Based on the passage and the chart, which of the following is **NOT** true about the NYU students?  
 (A) The students believe classical music can lower pressure than any other.  
 (B) Both of the male and female students prefer pop music to jam bands.  
 (C) A study shows classical music benefits people, but the students love it least.  
 (D) The female students favor country music more than male students.
32. What are the top three music genres that the NYU female students enjoy?  
 (A) Pop, Dance, and R&B (B) Pop, Dance, and Hip Hop  
 (C) Pop, Hip Hop, and Country (D) Pop, Dance, and Country

##### ▲閱讀下文，回答第 33-35 題

Vaccination is a preventive measure used to protect individuals or populations from infectious diseases. It stimulates the immune system to recognize and fight disease-causing **pathogens** more effectively. Despite overwhelming scientific evidence that being fully vaccinated can prevent viral infections such as COVID-19 infection, the anti-vaccination movement appears to remain a controversial issue. Even so, most people still believe that getting vaccinated is a safe and effective way to prevent the spread of diseases and has greatly contributed to public health improvements worldwide. What's more, vaccines are usually available for free or at an affordable cost. In order to avoid the embarrassing situation (to be or not to be vaccinated), Campbells Bay School has created a table to help students and parents understand the vaccination requirements for various school activities.

Activities that require proof of vaccination	Activities that do not require proof of vaccination
✧ Parents helping in class or on-campus activities (like road patrol, watering plants, buddy reading, helping trips) ✧ Volunteering to coach or manage a sports team	✧ Attending assemblies at the school ground ✧ Attending parent-teacher meetings ✧ Spectating at sports events ✧ Attending open-air curriculum activities that happen during school time
<b>Notes:</b> 1. If the event is not on the curriculum, such as Christmas parties or School Gala's, vaccination requirements must be done. 2. Students need to follow the same rules as parents do.	

33. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to the word “**pathogens**” used in the passage?  
 (A) gene                      (B) virus                      (C) medicine                      (D) tip
34. Based on the information in the form, which of the following is correct?  
 (A) Tom, without proof of vaccination, can only participate in road patrol for a week.  
 (B) Without proof of vaccination, Mary still can join the school's Christmas parties.  
 (C) To watch the school ball games, John is required to bring proof of vaccination.  
 (D) Richard needs proof of vaccination before volunteering to coach a sports team.
35. What can be inferred from the passage and the table?  
 (A) Students at all events should have proof of vaccination.  
 (B) Many people believe vaccination is safe and effective.  
 (C) Anti-vaccinators fail to voice their opinions to the world.  
 (D) Campbells Bay School forces its students to be vaccinated.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 36-37 題

Motor insurance, as the name suggests, is a type of insurance policy that gives financial protection to vehicle owners in the face of accidents, theft, damage, and related events. This insurance is vital for vehicle owners as it safeguards against unexpected circumstances and gives financial support for repairs, medical expenses, and third-party liabilities.

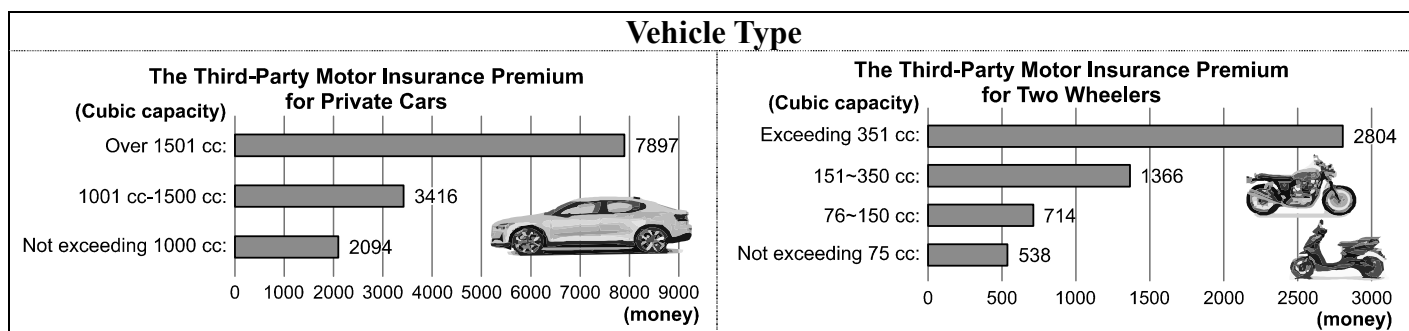
There are two major types of motor insurance: third-party liability insurance and comprehensive insurance. Third-party liability insurance is required in many countries or areas, and it serves as a basic form of coverage, protecting third-party individuals from loss and harm. Comprehensive insurance, on the other hand, provides a higher degree of protection and covers damages to both parties involved in an accident, including the policyholder.

Premiums for motor insurance vary based on several factors. These include the driver's age and driving record, the type and age of the insured vehicle, and the desired level of insurance. Drivers with a positive driving history or those who install safety features in their vehicles may qualify for lower premiums.

Motor insurance can be applied to all types of motor vehicles, such as cars, motorcycles, jeeps, and commercial vehicles. However, many countries, such as India, have witnessed a persistent occurrence of accidents involving cars, motorcycles, and scooters. As a result, in many countries, emphasis is placed on third-party liabilities for these vehicles. The government of India, for example, has made premium adjustments to ensure preparation for potential risks. Further information can be found in the accompanying chart.

**Insurance Premiums**

The government has announced an increase in the third-party motor insurance premium for various categories from June 1.



36. What factors can **NOT** affect the premiums of motor insurance?
- (A) A driver's age and driving record.  
 (B) A driver's routines and the colors of the car.  
 (C) The insurance level chosen by an individual.  
 (D) The type and age of the insured vehicle.
37. Which of the following statements is true based on the passage and table?
- (A) One of the motor insurance purposes is to provide financial protection for one's vehicles.  
 (B) Comprehensive insurance protects householders from damage to property and cars.  
 (C) The highest insurance premium for a car is around 1.5 times that of a motorcycle.  
 (D) There are 3 types of two-wheelers insurance premium and 4 types of car insurance.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 38-42 題

Hunger marketing is a marketing technique that creates a sense of urgency and exclusivity around a product or service. This technique often limits the supply of a product or service to create a sense of scarcity, which encourages customers to act quickly to secure the product or service. The intention is to build up a buzz around the product, and often, companies will use social media platforms and influencer marketing to help spread the word.

Several notable examples of hunger marketing are worth mentioning. In 2011, Taiwan witnessed the frenzy of Yi-Mei Thick Milk Tea. During that time, the product gained a significant amount of attention and popularity among consumers. Another example is the famous 2015 marketing campaign of Nestle's KitKat. They presented 500 limited edition gold chocolate bars distributed to seven countries and prompted consumers to hunt down the bars in a treasure hunt across the globe.

Hunger marketing makes good use of human psychological weakness that people desire things more when they are scarce. This shortage can generate a sense of urgency and the fear of missing out, motivating consumers to make a purchase. However, there are also some disadvantages to this approach. For example, if a company overestimates the demand for their products, they may be left with excess stock, which can be costly to handle. It can also lead to customers feeling angered or misled if they are not able to purchase the product they desire.

In a nutshell, hunger marketing can be an effective marketing strategy for businesses to promote their products or services and make demand. It is still essential to use this technique with caution and carefully plan to ensure that it does not backfire.

38. What is this passage mainly about?
- (A) The history and development of hunger marketing  
 (B) The global products and service of hunger marketing  
 (C) The definition of hunger marketing and its pros and cons  
 (D) The impacts of hunger marketing on consumers' behavior

39. According to the passage, which is a potential disadvantage of hunger marketing?  
(A) Higher prices due to limited supply  
(B) Overexposure of a product or service  
(C) Excess stock because of overrated demand  
(D) Lower profit margins due to high demand
40. How can businesses ensure that hunger marketing **does not** have negative consequences?  
(A) Plan the technique carefully and employ it with caution.  
(B) Raise the price of the product or service to enhance demand.  
(C) Increase amounts of the product to guarantee its consistent supply.  
(D) Avoid using traditional marketing techniques like print advertising.
41. Which statement is true about hunger marketing?  
(A) Its limited product availability may annoy customers.  
(B) It relies on giveaways to promote a product or service.  
(C) It is a long-term strategy to build up customer loyalty.  
(D) It will make products easily accessible to all consumers.
42. Which of the following is **NOT** an example of hunger marketing?  
(A) Disney's practice of putting certain movies into the "Disney Vault" for a short time.  
(B) Nike and Adidas often release limited-edition sneakers with restricted availability.  
(C) The streetwear brand Supreme released only a narrow quantity of their products.  
(D) McDonald's products are easily recognizable and consistent across locations.

## 二、非選擇題(第 I 題，每格 2 分，共 4 分；第 II 題 6 分；第 III 題 6 分；共 16 分)

### I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 夏令營是孩子們學習語言的一種有趣且身臨其境的方式。  
Summer c ① are a fun and immersive way for children to learn a l ② .

### II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. lunar month / The Dragon Boat Festival / is celebrated / of the fifth / on the fifth day

### III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 我姊姊會在下班回家的路上買食品雜貨。

【以下空白】

# 112 學年度四技二專第三次聯合模擬考試

## 共同科目 英文 詳解

112-3-2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
D	B	A	D	A	C	C	B	D	D	C	C	A	B	A	A	D	B	C	C	B
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
D	A	D	C	A	D	C	C	B	A	B	B	D	B	B	A	C	C	A	A	D

### 一、選擇題

#### I. 字彙題

1. 我家附近的新咖啡廳很快就成了受歡迎的早餐  
\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 圓點 (B) 立方體 (C) 海灣 (D) 地點
2. 我們學校\_\_\_\_\_留學方案提供學生去澳洲及美國讀書的機會。  
(A) 在船/飛機/車上 (B) 國外  
(C) 木板 (D) 寬闊地
3. 在寒冷的夜晚,我喜歡蜷縮在壁爐旁我\_\_\_\_\_扶手椅上看一本好雜誌。  
(A) 最喜愛的 (B) 積極的 (C) 真誠的 (D) 粗心的
4. 這幅\_\_\_\_\_畫以其生動的色彩和細節捕捉了城市生機勃勃的自然風光。  
(A) 有機的 (B) 極端的  
(C) 聰明的 (D) 極其美麗的
5. 地方政府依靠土地等\_\_\_\_\_稅作為公共服務的資金來源。  
(A) 房地產 (B) 機械師 (C) 正義 (D) 地標
6. 我很興奮能在暑假去日本旅遊並\_\_\_\_\_那裡的文化和美食。  
(A) 控制 (B) 退款 (C) 探索 (D) 承認
7. 醫生勸戒約翰為了他的健康和幸福著想要\_\_\_\_\_戒菸。  
(A) 傳統地 (B) 偶爾地 (C) 立即地 (D) 頻繁地
8. 我正在考慮\_\_\_\_\_一個新嗜好,比如繪畫或演奏樂器。  
(A) 推遲 (B) 開始學 (C) 照顧 (D) 呼喚
9. 太陽慢慢地落到地平線後面,把天空變成了火熱的橙色和紅色。  
(A) 溺斃 (B) 漂流 (C) 流掉 (D) 消失
10. 我對學習如何編碼並建立網站作為潛在的職業感到興趣。  
(A) 指責的 (B) 漂浮的  
(C) 具有挑戰性的 (D) 潛在的

#### II. 對話題

11. 安娜:越來越多的公司正在採用在家工作的政策。  
貝琳達:對啊,但它並不適用於所有人。如果沒有傳統的辦公環境,要保持積極性並不容易。  
安娜:我覺得它很好。它有靈活的工作時間表。  
貝琳達:沒錯,但是\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 它有時間的限制。

- (B) 對每個人都很實用。  
(C) 它需要更多的自律。  
(D) 毫無疑問,它是傳統的。
12. 愛麗絲:你有聽說博物院的新藝術展嗎?  
喬:沒,我沒聽說。那是關於什麼的?  
愛麗絲:它是來自世界各地的現代抽象藝術的收藏品。  
喬:我很樂意!  
(A) 新的藝術展覽是關於什麼的?  
(B) 你喜歡歷史雕塑嗎?  
(C) 要不要一起去看看?  
(D) 山水畫如何?
13. 琳達:在漫長的一天工作後,你通常如何減壓?  
溫迪:我喜歡做些瑜伽。你呢?  
琳達:我通常去跑步放鬆一下。  
溫迪:跑步可以讓人精神煥發。\_\_\_\_\_  
(A) 我應該找個時間試試。  
(B) 這就是我喜歡瑜伽的原因。  
(C) 你已經熱身了嗎?  
(D) 壓力可能由跑步引起。
14. 查理:今天的作業是查出我們國家目前面臨的最大問題。  
梅:我認為生活成本上升是主要問題。你怎麼看呢?  
查理:\_\_\_\_\_  
梅:當然。我們國家燒太多煤了。  
(A) 心理保健可以造福子孫後代。  
(B) 氣候變化可能是最緊迫的問題。  
(C) 精疲力盡意味著逐漸缺乏興趣。  
(D) 再生能源來自自然資源。
15. 艾倫:你最近讀過什麼好書嗎?  
溫妮:有啊,我剛剛讀完一本推理小說。劇情緊張。你呢?  
艾倫:我聽說有本關於科技女性回憶錄很鼓舞人心。  
溫妮:\_\_\_\_\_我可能會讀一讀。  
(A) 這聽起來很有趣。  
(B) 回憶錄不是我的菜。(我不喜歡回憶錄。)  
(C) 我很喜歡這個電影預告片。  
(D) 它是我最好的寫作。
16. 山姆:社交媒體的使用一直在增加。  
南茜:我認為它是個強大工具,但是\_\_\_\_\_  
山姆:我完全同意你的看法。這就是為什麼我試圖限制我看手機的時間。事實上,我主要用它來與我朋友和家人保持聯繫。

南茜：這是個好方法。

- (A) 它可能很耗時。  
 (B) 它幫助使用者交流想法。  
 (C) 它應該限於特定年齡群組。  
 (D) 它也是與他人連結的工具。

17. 珊妮：你看到佈告欄上的公告了嗎？

奧利維亞：有喔，它說，有一門給所有員工的免費英語課。你打算報名嗎？

珊妮：很棒，但是它和我的舞蹈課是同一天。

奧利維亞：哇，\_\_\_\_\_

- (A) 我找不到關於英語課任何訊息。  
 (B) 我一定要抓住機會學跳舞。  
 (C) 我很快就要進行舞蹈表演。  
 (D) 改天我想要看你跳舞。

18. 安妮：這些天天氣真好。\_\_\_\_\_

貝琳達：的確如此。我一直在公園裡散步，享受陽光。

安妮：令人驚奇的是，好天氣可以提升我們的心情。

貝琳達：確實。

- (A) 它對我們的情緒沒有影響。  
 (B) 這天氣很適合戶外活動。  
 (C) 這是夏天的戶外場所。  
 (D) 這讓這一刻變得更容易。

19. 彼得：我正在考慮重新裝潢我的客廳。\_\_\_\_\_

溫迪：嗯，這取決於你的喜好。你喜歡什麼？

彼得：我喜歡線條簡潔的現代風格。

溫迪：在這種情況下，你可以使用有大膽配件光滑的家具。

- (A) 你的客廳是什麼風格？  
 (B) 你如何定義你的設計風格？  
 (C) 你有什麼室內設計訣竅嗎？  
 (D) 它有現代的外觀和簡潔的線條嗎？

20. 愛麗絲：我父親要退休了。他需要找些新的事情來做。有什麼建議嗎？

傑克：\_\_\_\_\_ 這是記錄他旅行時美好時刻的好方法。

愛麗絲：這是個好主意。我會讓他知道的。

傑克：太好了！

- (A) 滑雪怎麼樣？ (B) 你可以試試做飯。  
 (C) 攝影？ (D) 為什麼不打鼓呢？

### III. 綜合測驗

#### Question 21-25

在首爾的停留可以變成一次難忘的冒險。首爾擁有(21)一系列獨特的文化和歷史的地標。遊客可以透過參觀景福宮和德壽宮等宮殿來了解韓國歷史，(22)在那邊，他們可以漫步在宏偉的大廳裡，欣賞美麗的花園。衛兵換崗儀式堪稱全球矚目的奇觀。對於美食愛好者來說，明洞和崇禮門等熙來攘往的市場和街頭小攤(23)提供美味的拌飯、炒年糕和韓國燒烤。現代景點包括 COEX 購物中心、時尚咖啡館和餐廳。(24)前往南山塔(Namsan Tower)旅遊可以 360 度全方位欣賞這座城市的壯麗景色，而汗蒸房(jjimjilbang)韓國桑拿浴室則可以讓您放鬆身心。首爾呈現了無數發現新事物的機會，(25)創造終生難忘的回憶。首爾有潛力成為非凡的體驗。

21. (A) 一波(通常用於形容情緒、情感、事件等的湧現)  
 (B) 一系列(指涉多個不同種類或範圍的事物)  
 (C) 一組(指涉相關聯的事物或物件)  
 (D) 一輪(描述一系列的娛樂或競技活動)

22. 這裡是指在景福宮和德壽宮此兩處地點(in Gyeongbokgung and Deoksugung)，且需連接詞，故可以 in which 來連接前後二句，in which = where 關係副詞，故答案為(D)

23. 此句的主詞為 bustling markets and street stalls，故此處要用複數動詞(A) offer

24. trip 後的介係詞要用(D) to，指「前往/去...的旅遊」

25. (A) 創造(原形動詞)  
 (B) 爲了去創造(不定詞)  
 (C) 創造(現在分詞)  
 (D) 創造(過去式或過去分詞)

此句考分詞構句，原應為 Seoul presents endless opportunities to explore something new, and Seoul creates unforgettable memories that will last a lifetime. 分詞構句的改法：省略連接詞，省略相同主詞，主動動詞改現在分詞，故選答案(C)

#### Question 26-30

科技的快速進步和電子設備使用量的增加導致了電子垃圾堆積的嚴重問題。電子廢棄物(也稱爲電子廢棄物)(26)是指任何不再使用的電子裝置或設備。這些物品含有大量危險物質，如鉛、汞和其他有毒元素。(27)因此，適當的電子廢棄物管理對於保護環境和公眾健康具有重要意義。處理電子廢棄物的方法有多種，包括翻新、回收以及將其放入垃圾掩埋場。這些措施(28)不僅有助於減少危險廢棄物的數量，(28)而且還提供經濟機會，因爲它們支持綠色技術的發展，鼓勵永續實踐的創新和投資。許多國家制定了嚴格的法律及(29)法規來控制電子廢棄物的收集、處置和回收。對個人和社區正確處置方法的教育及意識也很重要。(30)爲了實現永續和更健康的環境，負責任的電子廢棄物處理需要每個人的共同努力。讓我們現在就開始做吧！

26. (A) 是指，涉及 (B) 屬於 (C) 實踐 (D) 引起  
 27. (A) 反而 (B) 此外 (C) 否則 (D) 因此  
 28. (A) either A or B 不是 A，就是 B  
 (B) not A, but B 不是 A，是 B  
 (C) not just A but B(= not only A, but also B)不只是 A，而且 B 也是  
 (D) neither A nor B 既不是 A，也不是 B

29. (A) 技工 (B) 墊子 (C) 法規 (D) 情況

30. achieve vt. 完成，實現

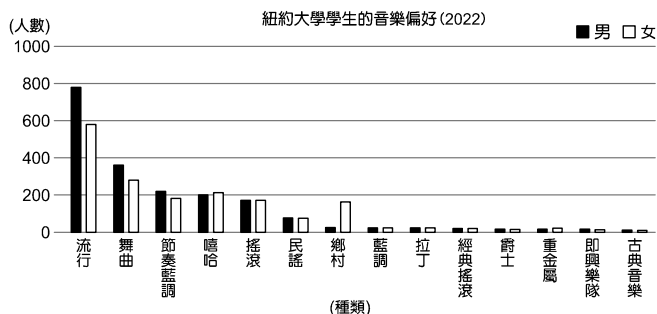
表目的用不定詞 (to V)，答案(B) To achieve 爲正確答案，因爲此選項是表達了一個理想環境的目標，且描述了達成這個目標所需的行動

### IV. 閱讀測驗

#### Question 31-32

英國最近一項研究提及，參加現場古典音樂表演可以減輕壓力。然而，Spotify 的數據顯示了紐約大學(NYU)學生不同的趨勢，這反映了學校喜愛音樂的氛圍。以下紐約大學學生音樂偏好調查結果按最高到最低的順序排

列，顯示了學生偏好的流派範圍。



31. 根據短文和圖表，以下關於紐約大學學生的說法哪一項不正確？
- (A) 學生們相信古典音樂比其他音樂更能減輕壓力。  
 (B) 男生和女生都更喜歡流行音樂勝過即興樂隊。  
 (C) 研究說明古典音樂對人有益，但學生最不喜歡它。  
 (D) 女學生比男學生更喜歡鄉村音樂。
32. 紐約大學女學生最喜歡的三種音樂類型是什麼？
- (A) 流行、舞曲和節奏藍調  
 (B) 流行、舞曲和嘻哈  
 (C) 流行、嘻哈和鄉村  
 (D) 流行、舞曲和鄉村

**Question 33-35**

疫苗接種是一種預防措施，用於保護個人或群眾免受傳染病的侵害。它刺激免疫系統更有效地識別和對抗致病**病原體**。儘管有壓倒性的科學證據表明，充分接種疫苗可以預防病毒感染，例如 COVID-19 感染，然而，反疫苗接種似乎仍是爭議性的議題。即便如此，大多數人仍然相信接種疫苗是預防疾病傳播的安全有效方法，為全球公共衛生改善做出了巨大貢獻。更重要的是，疫苗通常是免費或價格實惠的。為了避免這種尷尬的情況(接種或不接種疫苗)，坎貝爾灣學校創建了一個表格，幫助學生和家長了解學校各項活動的疫苗接種要求。

需要疫苗接種證明的活動	不需要疫苗接種證明的活動
◇家長在課堂或校園活動中提供幫助(如道路巡邏、澆灌植物、夥伴讀書、幫助旅行) ◇志願指導或管理球隊	◇參加學校集會 ◇參加親師座談會 ◇觀看體育賽事 ◇參加在校期間發生的露天課程活動

注意：

- 如果活動不在課程表中，例如聖誕晚會或學校聯歡晚會，則必須遵守疫苗接種要求。
- 學生需要遵守與父母相同的規則。

33. 以下哪個詞的含義與文中使用的「病原體」一詞最接近？
- (A) 基因 (B) 病毒 (C) 醫學 (D) 訣竅
34. 根據表格訊息，下列哪項是正確的？
- (A) 沒有疫苗接種證明，湯姆只能參加一週的道路巡邏。  
 (B) 沒有疫苗接種證明，瑪麗仍然可以參加學校的聖誕舞會。  
 (C) 要觀看學校球賽，約翰必須攜帶疫苗接種證明。  
 (D) 理查在自願擔任運動隊教練之前需要疫苗接種證明。
35. 從文中和表格可以推斷出什麼？

- (A) 參加所有活動的學生都應持有疫苗接種證明。  
 (B) 許多人相信疫苗接種是安全有效的。  
 (C) 反疫苗接種者未能向世界表達他們的觀點。  
 (D) 坎貝爾灣學校強制它的學生接種疫苗。

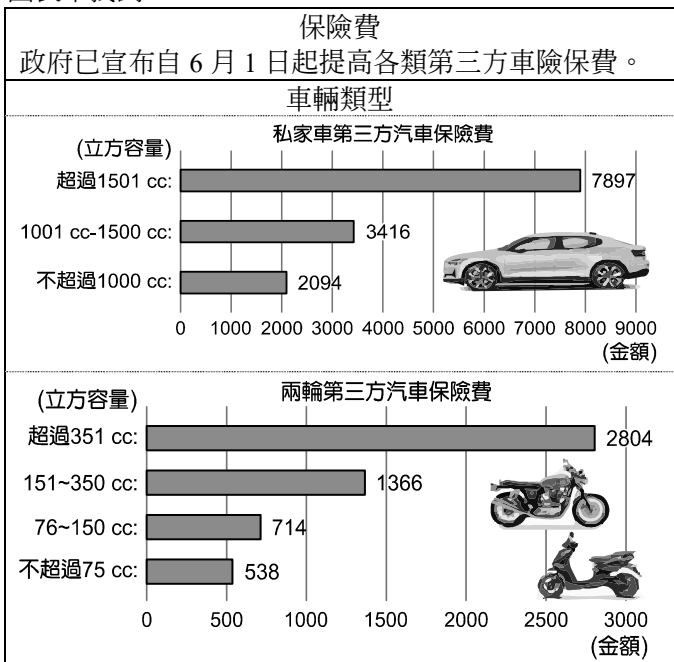
**Question 36-37**

車輛保險，顧名思義，是一種為車主在發生事故、盜竊、損壞和相關事件時提供財務保護的保險單。這種保險對於車主來說至關重要，因為它可以防範意外情況，給予維修、醫療費用和第三方責任提供財務支援。

車輛保險主要有兩種：第三者責任險和綜合險。第三方責任保險在許多國家或地區都是強制性的，它是一種基本的保障形式，保護第三方個人免受損失或傷害。而綜合保險提供更高程度的保護，涵蓋事故雙方，包括投保人的損失。

車輛保險的保費因多種因素而異。這些包括駕駛員的年齡和駕駛記錄、投保車輛的類型和車齡以及所需的承保級別。具有良好駕駛歷史的駕駛員或在車輛中安裝安全功能的駕駛員可能有資格獲得較低的保費。

車輛保險可以適用於所有類型的機動車輛，例如汽車、摩托車、吉普車和商用車，然而，很多國家，例如：印度，已經見證到汽車、摩托車和速克達事故的持續發生。因此，在很多國家，這些車輛的第三方責任險是被強調的。舉例來說，印度政府已做出保費調整措施，以確保對潛在風險做好準備。進一步的訊息可以在隨附的圖表中找到。



36. 哪些因素不會影響車險的保費？
- (A) 駕駛員的年齡和駕駛記錄。  
 (B) 駕駛員的日常工作和汽車的顏色。  
 (C) 個人選擇的保險級別。  
 (D) 被保險車輛的類型和車齡。
37. 根據文章和表格，下列哪項陳述是正確的？
- (A) 汽車保險的目的之一是為車輛提供財務保障。  
 (B) 綜合保險可保護住戶免受財產和汽車損壞。  
 (C) 汽車的最高保險費約為摩托車保險費的 1.5 倍。  
 (D) 兩輪車保險費有 3 種，汽車保險費有 4 種。

## Question 38-42

飢餓行銷是一種圍繞產品或服務營造緊迫感和排他性的行銷技巧。這種技術通常限制產品或服務的供應，產生稀缺感，從而鼓勵客戶迅速採取行動確保能取得產品或服務。此一意圖旨在產品周圍製造話題。公司通常會用社群媒體平台和意見領袖行銷來協助宣傳。

飢餓行銷的幾個著名例子值得一提。2011 年，臺灣見證了義美厚奶茶的熱潮。在那期間，該產品獲得了消費者的廣泛關注和歡迎。另一個例子是雀巢 KitKat 2015 年著名的行銷活動。他們在七個國家贈送了 500 塊限量版黃金巧克力棒，促使消費者在全球尋寶中尋找這些(巧克力棒)。

飢餓行銷充分地利用了人類的心理弱點，即當東西稀少時，人們會更加渴望東西。這種短缺會產生一種緊迫感和對錯過的恐懼，從而激勵消費者購買。然而，這種方法也有一些缺點。例如，如果一家公司高估了對其產品的需求，他們可能會剩下過多的庫存，而處理成本可能會很高。如果客戶無法購買他們想要的產品，還可能導致客戶感到憤怒或被誤導。

簡而言之，飢餓行銷可以成為企業推廣其產品或服務並造成需求的有效行銷策略。使用這項技巧並仔細計劃仍是必要的，確保它不會適得其反。

38. 這篇文章主要有關於什麼？
- (A) 飢餓行銷的歷史與發展  
(B) 飢餓行銷的全球產品與服務  
(C) 飢餓行銷的定義及其優缺點  
(D) 飢餓行銷對消費者行為的影響
39. 根據文章，哪一個是飢餓行銷的潛在缺點？
- (A) 供應有限導致價格上漲  
(B) 產品或服務的過度曝光  
(C) 由於需求被高估而庫存過剩  
(D) 由於需求旺盛，利潤率下降
40. 企業應該如何確保飢餓行銷不會產生負面後果？
- (A) 仔細規劃該技巧並謹慎執行。  
(B) 提高產品或服務的價格以增加需求。  
(C) 增加產品數量以保證其持續供應。  
(D) 避免使用印刷廣告等傳統行銷技術。
41. 關於飢餓行銷，哪種說法是正確的？
- (A) 其有限的產品供應可能會惹惱顧客。  
(B) 它依賴贈品來推廣產品或服務。  
(C) 它是一個用以建立客戶忠誠度的長期策略。  
(D) 它讓所有消費者都能輕鬆獲得產品。
42. 以下哪項不是飢餓行銷的例子？
- (A) 迪士尼將某些電影限時放入「迪士尼金庫」的做法。  
(B) 耐吉和愛迪達斯經常發布限量版運動鞋，但供應數量有限。  
(C) 街頭服飾品牌 Supreme 僅發行了少量產品。  
(D) 麥當勞的產品易於識別並且在不同地點保持一致。

## 二、非選擇題

## I. 填充

1. camps ; language

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	2 個空格皆正確。
2	僅 1 個空格正確。
0	2 個空格皆錯誤。

## II. 句子重組

2. lunar month / The Dragon Boat Festival / is celebrated / of the fifth / on the fifth day

解答：The Dragon Boat Festival is celebrated on the fifth day of the fifth lunar month.

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	所有字詞組合正確，且拼字、大小寫及標點均無誤。
3	(1) 所有字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 多數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
2	(1) 多數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 半數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
1	(1) 半數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 少數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
0	(1) 少數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 所有字詞組合錯誤。 (3) 只抄引導文字、題目或其他試題。 (4) 空白(未書寫文字)。

## III. 中譯英

3. 我姊姊會在下班回家的路上買食品雜貨。

解答：My sister will (would) buy (purchase/pick up) groceries on her way home from work (getting off work).

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	能充分表達原文題意，文法、標點正確，用字遣詞沒有不當之處。
3	能適切表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數不當之處。
2	僅能部分表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞有多處失當之處。
1	無法表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數正確之處。
0	(1) 空白(未書寫文字)。 (2) 文字瑣碎、形同未答。 (3) 只抄題目或其他試題。 (4) 內容完全離題或錯誤。

## 一、選擇題(第 1 至 42 題，每題 2 分，共 84 分)

## I. 字彙題

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。

第 9 至 10 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. At the dinner party, the host \_\_\_\_\_ introduced his guests of honor to one another.  
(A) formally (B) slightly (C) exactly (D) critically
2. Pete's doctor advised him to exercise on a daily basis so that his \_\_\_\_\_ could be improved.  
(A) combination (B) circulation (C) composition (D) confirmation
3. Aunt Mel decided to open a restaurant in this part of town because she believed that there were a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ customers here.  
(A) annual (B) elaborate (C) potential (D) mysterious
4. After a short coffee break, Kev quickly \_\_\_\_\_ his work because he had to finish it by the end of the day.  
(A) looked away from (B) made fun of (C) took part in (D) got on with
5. The English professor told Kim that she had to \_\_\_\_\_ the main argument in her essay.  
(A) estimate (B) strengthen (C) possess (D) convince
6. Zach always claims that he is the most \_\_\_\_\_ man in the world, but it's not true at all because he often leaves his work unfinished.  
(A) unusual (B) tremendous (C) diligent (D) fierce
7. The main \_\_\_\_\_ of this town are its beautiful temples and picturesque scenery.  
(A) features (B) varieties (C) behaviors (D) emergencies
8. After trying \_\_\_\_\_ to change Liz's mind about marrying a foreigner, her parents in turn gave her their blessings.  
(A) as well (B) at times (C) in vain (D) on purpose
9. No one understands why Walt refused such a generous offer for no reason at all.  
(A) drew out (B) turned down (C) showed off (D) picked up
10. Ruth has a remarkable ability to solve all kinds of problems. That's why her boss often assigns important tasks to her.  
(A) occasional (B) sensible (C) optimistic (D) splendid

## II. 對話題

說明：第 11 至 20 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

## 11. (In front of the movie theater)

Lani: You have any idea how late you are? I've been waiting here for almost half an hour!

Jed: Sorry, but \_\_\_\_\_ A weird accident caused a huge traffic jam on the highway!

Lani: I see. Fortunately, we've already bought the tickets online, and the movie hasn't started yet.  
Let's go inside now!

- (A) it's no big deal. (B) it's not my fault.  
(C) it will be my pleasure. (D) it will matter to us.

12. Jade: Dr. Roach's office. How may I help you?  
 The Caller: This is Davy Lamb, Dr. Roach's patient. I need to speak to him about my appointment tomorrow.  
 Jade: Please hold on. \_\_\_\_\_  
 The Caller: Many thanks!  
 (A) I will put you through now. (B) Dr. Roach is not available.  
 (C) You have the wrong number. (D) I can take your message.
13. Sammy: Lonnie is having a party at his house this Friday night, and he has invited everyone. Want to come with us?  
 Dickie: \_\_\_\_\_, for he is the last person I want to see.  
 Sammy: All right, then.  
 (A) It serves you right (B) It stands to reason  
 (C) You can say that again (D) You can count me out
14. Neddy: I only got a B<sup>-</sup> on the math final exam, and I'm so frustrated!  
 Ken: I think you ought to be proud of yourself, \_\_\_\_\_  
 Neddy: Thank you so much. It's very nice of you to say so.  
 (A) because you really should have studied harder prior to the exam.  
 (B) though it was one of the most challenging math exams ever.  
 (C) considering only one-fifth of your fellow classmates passed it.  
 (D) after you have realized what exactly was wrong with the exam.
15. Aunt Maud: There's a new bar in our community called *Blue Shamrock*. Have you ever heard of it?  
 Uncle Jon: No, I haven't. But judging from its name, I bet it's an Irish bar.  
 Aunt Maud: Would you like to check it out with me tonight?  
 Uncle Jon: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Aunt Maud: That's all right. I can go by myself.  
 (A) I think I'll pass because Irish beer isn't really my thing.  
 (B) I suppose you're thrilled to go because its beer is on sale.  
 (C) I think it will really upset me if you take a rain check tonight.  
 (D) I suppose Irish beer has been your favorite for a long time.
16. Paulie: I can't believe you're really retiring, my bro!  
 Matt: Well, \_\_\_\_\_ Unfortunately, I'm 65, and I'm required to retire by law!  
 Paulie: We'll have your retirement party at my house next Saturday. Oh, by the way, don't forget to come back to check up on us every now and then.  
 Matt: Don't worry, I won't! We're sworn buddies!  
 (A) I would choose to continue working with you if it were up to me.  
 (B) I won't mind transferring to another office if things are better there.  
 (C) I should feel lucky to be retiring soon, for I'm too old to do this job.  
 (D) I will have been working here for three decades, which is a long time.
17. (At lunchtime)  
 Alfie: Why must we go to our school cafeteria when we do have quite a few other choices?  
 Kit: Well, they've got the cheapest foods around our campus!  
 Alfie: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Kit: I think you've got a point. Let's go somewhere else!  
 (A) Honestly, it doesn't really matter whether our school cafeteria is our only option.  
 (B) Normally, I would say that the cheapest restaurant isn't necessarily a lousy one.  
 (C) Hopefully, all we should do is find some cheaper restaurants in our neighborhood.  
 (D) Personally, I'd rather spend more money than force myself to swallow horrible foods.

18. Kirk: Professor Welgrow, can I speak to you about my study plan this semester?  
Professor Welgrow: Sure! What do you have in mind?  
Kirk: I'm thinking though I'm studying at the law school, perhaps I should take a few courses on IT, too.  
Professor Welgrow: \_\_\_\_\_  
Kirk: I'm so glad to hear that!  
(A) I'll prove that you're right because IT and law are two opposites.  
(B) I'll give you my honest opinion, as soon as you make a new study plan.  
(C) I'll support every decision you make, as long as it's what you want.  
(D) I'll help you make a new study plan, though I don't think it's a good idea.
19. The Waiter: *Red Rooster*. How can I help you?  
Jan: I'm calling to book a table for three at 8 this Friday evening, and I want Ronnie, your cutest waiter, to wait on us.  
The Waiter: I'm sorry, but \_\_\_\_\_  
Jan: All right, then. I guess the other waiters will do.  
(A) I'm very sure Ronnie can be said to be our cutest waiter.  
(B) I'm not certain we have any more tables available then.  
(C) it's against our policy to ask for a particular waiter of ours.  
(D) it's against our rules to book anyone a table in advance.
20. Bert: Excuse me, could you please show me the way to the cable car station?  
The Passer-by: It's that way.  
Bert: I'm sorry, but I'm a man without any sense of direction. And I'm new in town. So I'm afraid \_\_\_\_\_  
The Passer-by: Well, it's actually kind of complicated, and my English isn't so good...Let me draw you a map!  
Bert: Sure! That will do. Thanks a lot!  
(A) it's not your business to judge me. (B) you need to be a bit more specific.  
(C) it depends on how you want to get there. (D) you have to take me there personally.

### III. 綜合測驗

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 21-25 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Nowadays almost everyone has heard of the term "podcast" but may not be so familiar with its history. First, it is a term 21 by a British journalist, Ben Hammersley, in 2004. (Actually, he coined this word by putting together the two words, "iPod" and "broadcast.") And it began with several IT engineers' simple attempt to adapt word and audio files to the Internet format. Today no one will have any doubt about its 22, since it has become so popular, especially with young people. If you ask podcast fans what's so wonderful about it, they'll probably say, "23 its contents and convenience 23 attract me!" Indeed, the audiences of podcast are offered a wide range of choices; 24, they can choose to download any program they like at any time they want. Besides, there have been more and more podcast channels 25 students can learn English as well as many other languages. So perhaps one day, podcasting will be included in our language education.

21. (A) invented (B) inventing (C) was invented (D) to be inventing  
 22. (A) applicant (B) appeal (C) advertisement (D) analysis  
 23. (A) There is; who (B) We have; so that  
 (C) It is; that (D) You know; in order to  
 24. (A) in a row (B) in contrast (C) in the long run (D) in the meantime  
 25. (A) where (B) who (C) which (D) whose

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 26-30 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Traditionally, employers tend to dislike working mothers. They may think that a working mother can't possibly balance her work and family 26 she tries. However, the research team of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis simply proves them wrong! According to its recent study, working mothers are actually a lot more 27 than single female employees. That is, 28 both her work and her family, somehow a working mother seems more productive.

The main reason, as the research team has pointed out, may be that being a parent and an employee at the same time has 29 working mothers capable of multi-tasking. Namely, even when they are faced with several tasks, they are still able to 30 each one of them at the same time and finish it perfectly. This could be the secret to their high productivity at work.

26. (A) despite (B) because (C) however hard (D) no matter who  
 27. (A) efficient (B) passive (C) rough (D) cautious  
 28. (A) to take care of (B) taking care of (C) she takes care of (D) when taken care of  
 29. (A) become (B) forced (C) made (D) let  
 30. (A) consist of (B) look over (C) refer to (D) concentrate on

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

說明：以下有四篇短文，共有 12 個題目，為第 31 至 42 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 31-32 題

#### JobMatch

As its name suggests, this independent, privately-run website aims at matching employers with jobseekers. That is, we provide a platform where jobseekers can find their ideal jobs and employers can find their ideal employees. So please [click here](#) to register for free before posting your job ad or sending in your resume. We'll e-mail you a notice immediately if there has been a match.

Please note:

- This website is only open to R.O.C. adult citizens. To register, a valid ID number is needed.
- As said above, we only offer a platform. So we do not **vouch for** any statements posted on our website. That is, we are NOT to be held responsible, should there be any false information found here.

31. Which of the following about the website JobMatch is true?  
 (A) It is run by a government-supported organization that helps people find work.  
 (B) It targets employers and jobseekers, connecting them with each other.  
 (C) Jewel and Flora, two U.S. citizens, may find their ideal jobs on JobMatch.  
 (D) Val, a 17-year-old Taiwanese student, has just registered on JobMatch.
32. When you **vouch for** something, you \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) promise that it's good or true (B) guess that it's lousy or false  
 (C) find out who's responsible for it (D) figure out every detail of it



Let me get it straight, baby! You're flying all the way to Cambodia to work for a company nobody knows anything about, and do a job you don't know for sure. And you're signing a contract you can't read at all! Does any of these make any sense? And have you wondered why they interviewed you online, not in person? And why are they dying to have your bank account book?

Uh, no...And possibly because they may have something to hide, and they need my bank account to do something...So Dad, you're saying that...

Yes, baby. I think you just ran into a job scam! Call 165 and tell them exactly what happened!

36. Why does Nikki think it is a dream job for her?
- (A) *Prolonger* wants neither her passport nor her bank account book.  
 (B) It's in Cambodia, a country she knows, and it is French-based.  
 (C) *Prolonger* is a new French company that was just started.  
 (D) It might be what she is good at, and it sounds so fantastic.
37. Which of the following is **NOT** the reason why Nikki should call 165?
- (A) It is very likely that *Prolonger* is a fake company.  
 (B) Nikki's bank account book is no good for *Prolonger*.  
 (C) They won't let Nikki know about her job or contract.  
 (D) They insisted on giving Nikki an online interview.

▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 38-42 題

Recently the word "job scam" has already become one of the most googled keywords across the globe. It seems that people everywhere in the world are quite eager to find out whatever they can about this illegal activity. The main reason may be that the Internet nowadays has become **rife** with various kinds of job scams. Additionally, experts have observed that job scams have been commonly seen on the Internet since the COVID-19 pandemic. For instance, from 2020 to 2021 job scams reported to the U.S. government almost tripled. Similarly in the U.K., job scams in 2020 increased by 88%, compared with 2019. One possible explanation, according to experts, is that as the COVID-19 crisis has made it more difficult to find a decent job, lots of people simply jump at whatever job opportunities they can find, without making sure whether or not they are real.

Besides, the way job scammers operate is almost the same around the world: first, they create a fake job ad that usually looks legitimate. When a jobseeker falls for it, the so-called company will attempt to steal his or her personal and financial information. After they manage to do so, they may go further, cheating a great deal of money out of the jobseeker in a number of clever ways (e.g., they may ask him or her to pay a fortune for some expensive goods and try to resell them to their fake client that doesn't exist at all!) Moreover, if it is the worst kind of job scam, the jobseeker may be kidnapped and end up as a victim in the notorious human-trafficking business!

Some may wonder if it is possible that all the nations on earth might work together to fight job scam crimes, now that they are being committed worldwide. Well, let's just say that some joint effort has been made. For example, the EU set up the European Anti-Fraud Office in 1999, aiming to investigate Europe's fraudulent activities, including job scams. But when it comes to a well-coordinated, cross-continental campaign against job scams, there's still so much that remains to be done!

38. Which of the following would be the title for this essay?
- (A) Job Scams: a Global Issue  
 (B) Job Scams: a Problem Solved  
 (C) How Do We Report a Job Scam?  
 (D) How Can We Identify a Job Scam?

39. According to the essay, which of the following is true?  
 (A) People googled “job scams” because they were rare.  
 (B) The COVID-19 pandemic helped spread job scams.  
 (C) How job scammers work may vary from place to place.  
 (D) Job scammers want nothing but their victims’ money.
40. According to the essay, we can know that \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) the poorer a country is, the more often its people will google “job scams.”  
 (B) the U.S. and the U.K. governments had worked together to fight job scams.  
 (C) a jobseeker may not identify fake job ads because (s)he wants a job too badly.  
 (D) victims in the human-trafficking business are different from those in job scams.
41. If your life is **rife** with something, it \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
 (A) is full of \_\_\_\_\_ (B) goes with \_\_\_\_\_ (C) is opposite to \_\_\_\_\_ (D) turns into \_\_\_\_\_
42. What is the author’s point in the last paragraph?  
 (A) While there have been more and more job scam crimes on our planet, each nation still prefers to think of it as a minor issue.  
 (B) Even if all the nations on earth could work together to fight job scams, it still wouldn’t make any difference at all.  
 (C) Speaking of the spread of job scams in the world, our top priority should be to find out where they really come from.  
 (D) When it comes to international cooperation to solve the problem of job scam crimes, there’s still room for improvement.

## 二、非選擇題(第 I 題，每格 2 分，共 4 分；第 II 題 6 分；第 III 題 6 分；共 16 分)

### I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 即使老莫(Mort)明白成爲一名合格教師很不容易，他仍然下定決心盡力一試。  
 Even t ① Mort knew that becoming a certified teacher was tough, he was still d ② to give it his best shot.

### II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. this challenging project / It took / to complete / Lynn / a few weeks

### III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 阿西(Sid)每天必須工作十小時，才能賺足夠的錢生活在這座大都市中。

【以下空白】

# 112 學年度四技二專第四次聯合模擬考試

## 共同科目 英文 詳解

112-4-2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
A	B	C	D	B	C	A	C	B	D	B	A	D	C	A	A	D	C	C	B	A
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
B	C	D	A	C	A	B	C	D	B	A	D	C	D	D	B	A	B	C	A	D

### 一、選擇題

#### I. 字彙題

1. 在晚宴上，主人正式把貴賓相互介紹給對方。  
(A) 正式地 (B) 輕微地  
(C) 精確地 (D) 批評地；重要地；嚴重地
2. 老皮的醫生建議他每天運動，才能改善他的循環。  
(A) 組合 (B) 循環 (C) 作文；組成 (D) 確認
3. 阿美嬌決定在城裡的這一區開一間餐廳，因為她相信這裡有許多潛在的顧客。  
(A) 每年的 (B) 精心製作的  
(C) 潛在的 (D) 神祕的
4. 短暫休息喝杯咖啡後，阿凱很快便繼續工作，因為他在今天必須把工作做完。  
(A) 選擇忽視 (B) 取笑；奚落  
(C) 參與；參加 (D) 繼續(從事)
5. 英文教授告訴小晶，她必須加強她作文中的主要論點。  
(A) 估計 (B) 加強；強化  
(C) 擁有；持有 (D) 說服
6. 老曾總是聲稱，他是世界上最勤奮的人，但這根本是鬼扯，因為他經常放任工作沒做完。  
(A) 不尋常的 (B) 巨大的  
(C) 勤奮工作的 (D) 猛烈的；兇惡的
7. 美麗的廟宇以及如詩如畫的風景，乃是這個城鎮的主要特色。  
(A) 特徵；特色 (B) 變化；變體  
(C) 行為舉止 (D) 緊急事件
8. 阿麗要嫁給外國人，她的父母試圖改變她的心意，但最後卻徒勞無功，接著他們便獻上祝福給她。  
(A) 也是 (B) 有時候  
(C) 無效；徒勞無功 (D) 有意地
9. 沒有人明白阿華為何會拒絕這樣慷慨的提議。  
(A) 拉長；拖長 (B) 拒絕；回絕  
(C) 炫耀 (D) 撿拾；接載；領取
10. 小茹在解決各種問題上，有著絕佳的才能。這就是為何她的老闆時常對她委以重任。  
(A) 有時的；偶爾的 (B) 理智的；明智的  
(C) 樂觀的 (D) 極佳的；絕妙的

#### II. 對話題

11. (在電影院前面)  
小蘭：你知道你遲到多久嗎？我在這裡幾乎等了半小時！

小建：抱歉，但是\_\_\_\_\_一場怪異的事故造成了公路上大塞車！

小蘭：原來如此。好在我們已經在線上買了票，而且電影還沒開演。現在就進去吧！

(A) 沒啥大不了。 (B) 錯不在我。  
(C) 榮幸之至。 (D) 將對我們很重要。

12. 阿玉：小強醫師辦公室。我能替您效勞嗎？  
來電者：我是藍大尾，小強醫師的病人。我想和他談談我明天的掛號。

阿玉：請稍待。\_\_\_\_\_

來電者：感謝之至。  
(A) 我馬上替您轉接。 (B) 小強醫師目前不在。  
(C) 您打錯了。 (D) 我可以替您留言。

13. 莎莎：阿龍這個星期五晚上要在他家舉行派對。他邀請了每個人。要不要和我們一起去？

阿弟仔：\_\_\_\_\_，因為他是最不想看見的人。

莎莎：那好吧。  
(A) 你活該 (B) 非常合理  
(C) 當然是這樣 (D) 不必算上我

14. 納豆：我數學期末考只考了個乙下，真讓我感到挫折！

阿 Ken：我想，\_\_\_\_\_，你應該覺得很自豪。

納豆：真感謝！聽你這樣一說感覺真棒！  
(A) 因為你考試前就應該更認真讀書  
(B) 雖然這是最具挑戰性的數學考試之一  
(C) 考量到你們全班僅有五分之一的人考過  
(D) 在你明白這份試題究竟出了啥問題後

15. 毛嬌：我們社區有一間新開的酒吧，叫做「藍色三葉草」。曾聽說過嗎？

忠伯：沒有欸。不過從酒吧名字看來，我認為應該是間愛爾蘭酒吧。

毛嬌：今晚想不想和我一起去光顧看看？

忠伯：\_\_\_\_\_

毛嬌：不要緊。我可以自己去。  
(A) 我想我還是算了，因為我不大喜歡愛爾蘭啤酒。  
(B) 我猜你很興奮想要去，因為那裡的啤酒在特價。  
(C) 我想今晚妳若說改天再去，我將會很不高興。  
(D) 我猜長久以來，你一直最喜歡愛爾蘭啤酒。

16. 寶哥：兄弟，我真不敢相信你要退休了！

老麥：\_\_\_\_\_很不幸的是，我已經 65 歲，依法我必須要退休。

寶哥：下星期六在我家舉行你的退休歡送派對。噢，

順便一提，別忘了有時候要回來看看我們。

老麥：別擔心，我不會忘記的！我們是換帖的兄弟！

(A) 如果是由我決定，我會選擇繼續和大家一起共事。

(B) 我不介意轉調到另一個單位，如果那邊的情形較好的話。

(C) 我應該感到慶幸可以很快就退休，因為我太老了，做不動這份工作。

(D) 我馬上即將在這裡服務屆滿卅年，卅年可是一段很長的歲月。

17. (在午餐時間)

阿飛：我們明明還有許多其他的選擇，為什麼我們一定要去學校餐廳？

阿基：在校園附近就屬他們賣的食物最便宜。

阿飛：\_\_\_\_\_

阿基：我想你說得有道理。我們去別的地方吧！

(A) 坦白說，學校餐廳究竟是不是我們唯一的選擇，根本就不是重點。

(B) 若是一般情形，我會說最便宜的餐廳，未必就是最糟糕的一間。

(C) 希望我們所該做的，只是在附近找幾間更便宜的餐廳。

(D) 以我個人來說，我寧可多花些錢，也不要強迫自己吞下很爛的食物。

18. 小柯：偉哥教授，能和您談談我這學期的讀書計劃嗎？

偉哥教授：當然可以！你有什麼想法？

小柯：我在想雖然我目前就讀法律系，但這學期我也應該修一些資工類的課程。

偉哥教授：\_\_\_\_\_

小柯：聽您這樣說我真高興。

(A) 我會證明你是對的，因為資工和法律乃是截然相反。

(B) 你一做完新的學習計劃，我馬上就能給你我最直白的意見。

(C) 只要是你想要的，你做的每一個決定我都支持。

(D) 雖然我不認為這是個好主意，我還是會幫你訂定一份新的讀書計劃。

19. 服務員：「紅公雞餐廳」。有什麼能替您效勞的？

小珍：我想打電話預訂這個星期五 8 點，一桌三個人的位子。而且我要你們最可愛的那位服務員，阿榮，來替我們服務。

服務員：真不好意思，但是\_\_\_\_\_

小珍：那好吧！我想其他幾位服務員也行。

(A) 我很確定阿榮可以說是我們最可愛的服務員。

(B) 我不確定那時候我們還有沒有空的座位。

(C) 餐廳明文規定，不能指定特定的服務員。

(D) 餐廳有規定，不能替任何人預先訂位。

20. 小柏：請問一下，能否告訴我去纜車站的路？

路人甲：就在那個方向。

小柏：不好意思，但是我這個人就是沒有方向感，而且我初到貴寶地，所以恐怕\_\_\_\_\_

路人甲：事實上，這個有些複雜，而且我的英文也沒那麼好…我畫張地圖給你好了！

小柏：當然！這樣也行。太感恩了！

(A) 評斷我，不是您該做的事吧！

(B) 您得說的更明確一些。

(C) 那得看您想要怎麼去那裡。

(D) 您得親自帶我去。

### III. 綜合測驗

#### Question 21-25

目前幾乎每個人都聽說過「播客」(podcast)這個名詞，卻未必熟悉其歷史。首先，這個名詞在 2004 年，由一位英國記者，班·漢默斯里(Ben Hammersley)所(21)發明。(事實上，他是把「iPod」與「廣播」(broadcast)這兩個字組合起來，創出這個新字。)而播客乃是起源於幾位資訊工程師單純想要把文字與影音檔案，修改成網路的格式。今日，沒有人會對播客的(22)魅力存疑，因為播客早已大受歡迎，尤其是對年輕人而言。如果去問粉絲播客到底棒在哪裡，他們或許會說：「吸引我的，(23)是播客的內容及其便利性。」的確，播客提供給聽眾很寬廣的選擇空間，(24)同時，聽眾也能自由選擇在任何想要的時間，下載任何自己喜歡的節目來收聽。此外，目前也已經有越來越多的播客頻道，讓學生能(25)在其中學習英語以及許多其他的外國語言。因此或許有一天，播客會納入成為語言教育的一部份。

21. 本題測驗的是如何把「形容詞子句」轉化成為「分詞構句」。原句本來是：First, it is a term that was invented by a British journalist, Ben Hammersley, in 2004. 劃線部份為一「形容詞子句」，that 一字則是「關係代(名詞)」當成主詞。將 that 一字省略後，之後的(Be)動詞 was 必須加上-ing，成為 being 一字後跟著一起省略，因而成為以 invented 這個「過去分詞」開頭的「分詞構句」。故而選(A)

22. (A) 申請者 (B) 魅力；吸引力 (C) 廣告 (D) 分析

23. 本題測驗的是「分裂/強調句」的句型：It is + 句子須強調的部份 + 句子剩下部份。也就是說，本句的原句為：Its contents and convenience attract me(播客的內容及其便利性吸引我)，將主詞 its contents and convenience 移至 It is 之後，句子剩下部份 attract me 移至 that 之後。故而選(C)

24. (A) 連續 (B) 相對於 (C) 最後；最終 (D) 同時

25. 本題測驗的是「關係副詞」where 之用法：因為本題空格前的先行詞 channels 乃是指「地方」，故而其後需接「關係副詞」where。故而選(A)

#### Question 26-30

傳統上，雇主會傾向不喜歡雇用職業母親(working mothers)。雇主也許會認為，職業母親(26)不論如何嘗試，都不大可能會在家庭與工作間取得平衡。不過，聖路易聯邦儲蓄銀行的研究團隊卻證實，雇主們的觀念是錯的。根據他們最近的一項研究結果，比起單身的女性雇員，職業母親的(27)工作效率其實要高得多。也就是說，雖然職業母親(28)兼顧工作與家庭，但不知如何似乎卻有更高的生產力。

該研究團隊指出，主要原因或許在於職業母親同時上班並且擔任家長，(29)使她們得以一心多用。也就是說，即使數份工作擺在面前，她們仍然可以(30)專注於每一項工作，並且都漂亮完成。這或許就是她們能在工作

上展現出高生產力的祕訣。

26. 本題所考的是把「no matter + wh-名詞子句(不論)」的句型，改寫成「wh-疑問詞-ever +子句」的句型。也就是說，本句的原句是：...a working mother can't possibly balance her work and family no matter how hard she tries. 劃線部份改寫成 however hard she tries。故而選(C)
27. (A) 有效率的 (B) 被動的  
(C) 粗暴的；粗略的 (D) 小心的；謹慎的
28. 本題所考的是把「副詞子句」轉化成「分詞構句」。本句的原句是：...although a working mother takes care of both her work and her family, somehow she seems more productive. 劃線部份的「副詞子句」，主詞為 a working mother，和主要子句中的主詞 she 係指同一人，故而和 although 一字一起省略，然後把動詞 take 加上-ing 而成為「分詞構句」。故而選(B)
29. 本題考的是使役動詞 make(使)，其受詞後接「形容詞，原形動詞，或形容詞」之句型。此處的受詞 working mothers 之後接形容詞 capable(能夠的)，故而選(C)
30. (A) 由...構成 (B) 瀏覽 (C) 指稱；提及 (D) 專注於

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

##### Question 31-32

##### 找工作媒

正如其名，這裡是一個獨立、私營的網站，旨在媒合雇主與求職人士。也就是說，我們提供一個平臺，讓求職人士能找到理想工作，雇主也能請到理想員工。請點選此處免費註冊，之後再張貼求職廣告或寄送履歷表。如果有媒合，我們會立即以電郵寄發通知。請注意：

- 本網站僅開放給中華民國的成年國民。必須要有有效的身份證字號才能註冊。
  - 如上所述，我們僅僅提供一個平臺。因此任何張貼在本網站上的資訊，恕無法為其背書。也就是說，此處若被發現有任何不實資訊，恕「不」負責。
31. 關於「找工作媒」這個網站，下列何者為真？  
(A) 該網站由一個政府支持的組織所經營，該組織主要幫助民眾找工作。  
(B) 該網站目標鎖定雇主與求職人士，替這兩者牽線。  
(C) 阿珠與阿花兩位是美國公民，她們可以在「找工作媒」上找到工作。  
(D) 小薇今年 17 歲，是一名臺灣的高中生，她剛剛在「找工作媒」上註冊。
32. 當你替某件事背書，你\_\_\_\_\_。  
(A) 保證這件事是好的或真實的  
(B) 猜想這件事是糟糕的或子虛烏有的  
(C) 找出替這件事負責的人  
(D) 將這件事從頭至尾弄明白

##### Question 33-35

小妮子今年 22 歲，大學時主修電腦科技，上星期才剛剛畢業。有天她在「找工作媒」網站上偶然發現這則求職廣告，她對這份工作相當感興趣...

##### 徵求

辦公室員工一名，工作地點為本公司在柬埔寨的工廠。

條件：年滿 20 歲，高中學歷，具備基本電腦操作技能。若經錄取，需提供財務紀錄。

關於本公司：「捰囉共」是一間法資公司，主要生產金屬製品。本公司目前在柬埔寨中部開設有一間 500 人的工廠。欲知詳情，請見本公司網站：[www.prolonger.com](http://www.prolonger.com)

關於本工作：月薪 3000 美金，供食宿。月休至少十天。每個月至少報銷兩張柬埔寨與臺灣間來回機票的費用。

有興趣者，請寄履歷表給本公司的人資主任金假仙先生：[jimgershon666@gmail.com](mailto:jimgershon666@gmail.com)。他將馬上安排線上面試。

33. 關於本求職廣告，下列何者為真？  
(A) 「捰囉共」徵求的人，必須能把柬埔寨語說得足夠流利。  
(B) 「捰囉共」會付給每位錄用的人 3000 美金，坐飛機往來於臺灣與柬埔寨之間。  
(C) 「捰囉共」錄用的人，必須要能用柬埔寨的電腦，來設計金屬製品。  
(D) 「捰囉共」錄用的人，工作地點將會是他們在柬埔寨的工廠，與 500 人一起共事。
34. 依據這則徵才廣告，關於「捰囉共」的工作職缺，下列何者是我們所不知道的？  
(A) 「捰囉共」在柬埔寨所生產的產品  
(B) 「捰囉共」在柬埔寨有多少間的工廠  
(C) 辦公室職員的工作內容  
(D) 辦公室職員的面試方式
35. 依據這則徵才廣告，你認為小妮子為何會對「捰囉共」的工作職缺感興趣？  
(A) 她的財務紀錄很不錯。  
(B) 她很喜愛柬埔寨的生活。  
(C) 她要求高很多的薪資。  
(D) 她符合所有的條件。

##### Question 36-37

嗨，老爸！你知道嗎？我回應「找工作媒」網站上的一則工作廣告。然後一間叫做「捰囉共」的公司面試我。昨天他們用電郵通知我已經錄取了！我好興奮啊！

太棒了，小妮子！趕快告訴我妳即將服務的這間公司，以及妳的新工作！

這是一間位於柬埔寨的法資公司。我去他們的網站看過，看起來沒問題。但似乎沒人聽說過這間公司。這點有些奇怪。而且他們在線上面試中告訴我，「務必」要把護照與銀行存摺交給他們，而且他們要我馬上飛去柬埔寨。我不介意住在柬埔寨，因為我曾經在那裡生活過幾個月。他們也要我和他們簽約，合約內容卻是用柬埔寨文寫的。這一點也有些怪異。對了，順便一提，他們從沒有告知我工作的內容。我猜我應該是做一些電腦方面的工作。對我來說這根本是小菜一碟，因為你知道我的電腦能力有多棒。你真該看看他們給我的薪水與福利。簡直「棒呆了」！所以老爸，你認為呢？這不就是我的「夢幻工作」嗎？

寶貝，讓我先搞清楚：你要大老遠飛去柬埔寨，去一間沒人知道底細的公司上班，做一份妳不確定職務的工作。而且還要簽一份妳看不懂內容的合約。這樣有道理嗎？妳有沒有想過為何他們的面試是採線上，而不是當面？以及為何他們非拿到妳的銀行存摺不可？

呃…大概沒道理吧…我想有可能是因為他們或許有些事情不想讓我知道…還有他們會要用我的存摺做一些事情吧…所以老爸你是說…

沒錯，寶貝。我想妳是碰上了求職詐騙。馬上打 165，告訴他們事情經過！

36. 為何小妮子認為這是她的夢幻工作？
- (A) 「欸嚨共」既不要她的護照，也不要她的銀行存摺。
- (B) 這間公司位於柬埔寨，她熟知的國家，而且這是間法資公司。
- (C) 「欸嚨共」是間剛成立的公司。
- (D) 這份工作也許是她的強項，而且聽起來很棒。
37. 下列何者不是小妮子該打 165 的原因？
- (A) 「欸嚨共」有可能是一間假公司。
- (B) 小妮子的銀行存摺對他們毫無用處。
- (C) 對方不讓小妮子了解合約內容或工作事項。
- (D) 他們堅持以線上方式面試小妮子。

#### Question 38-42

最近「求職詐騙」已經成為全球各地谷歌查詢率最高的關鍵字之一。關於這種非法活動，似乎世界各地的人都很想找出所有相關的資訊。主要原因在於目前網路上充斥著各式各樣的求職詐騙。此外，專家學者也觀察到，自疫情以來，網路上的求職詐騙便極為常見。舉例來說，從 2020 到 2021 年，美國政府所收到關於求職詐騙的舉報幾乎多了三倍。同樣在英國，比起 2019 年，求職詐騙的數量成長了 88%。根據專家學者的說法，一個可能的解釋是疫情危機讓找份像樣的工作變得更難，因此許多人一看到工作機會便趕緊抓住，而沒有確認到底是真是假。

此外，求職詐騙的操作方式，全世界幾乎都一樣：首先編造一個假的工作機會，並且想辦法讓其看起來像是真有其事。求職者上當後，所謂的雇主公司便會想辦法竊取個資與財務資料。得手之後，他們便會更進一步，用一些巧妙辦法從求職者身上誑騙鉅額的金錢(例如，他們會要求求職者付一大筆錢來買一些昂貴商品，再試圖要他們轉賣給根本就不存在的虛假公司客戶。)再者，如果碰上的是最惡劣的求職詐騙，那麼求職者有可能被綁票，最後在惡名昭彰的人口販賣交易中，成為一名受害者。

有些人也許會好奇，既然求職詐騙遍及世界各地，那麼是否有可能全世界的國家一起攜手，針對這類的犯罪加以打擊。也許該這麼說，目前的確有些國家共同採取行動。舉例來說，歐盟在 1999 年便成立了歐洲反詐騙總部，目標是調查全歐洲的詐騙活動，其中當然包括求職詐騙。只不過若是說到共同發起一個協調有序的跨洲活動，來打擊求職詐騙，則還有很大的進步空間！

38. 下列何者應是本文的標題？
- (A) 求職詐騙：一個全球的議題

- (B) 求職詐騙：問題已經解決
- (C) 如何舉報求職詐騙？
- (D) 如何能辨別求職詐騙？
39. 關於本篇短文，下列何者為真？
- (A) 因為求職詐騙很罕見，所以大家才用谷歌加以查詢。
- (B) 因為疫情爆發，才讓求職詐騙四處蔓延。
- (C) 求職詐騙的操作手法各地方皆有不同。
- (D) 操作求職詐騙的目的，只是要被害者的錢。
40. 根據本篇短文，我們可以得知\_\_\_\_\_
- (A) 一個國家越窮，其人民就越會用谷歌查詢「求職詐騙」。
- (B) 美國與英國政府一起攜手打擊求職詐騙。
- (C) 求職者若是想要工作想瘋了，或許便無法辨認出假的求職廣告。
- (D) 人口販賣交易中的受害者，和求職詐騙中的受害者，是不同的兩批人。
41. 你(妳)的生活中若是充斥著某樣事物，那麼你(妳)的生活\_\_\_\_\_。
- (A) 塞滿了該事物 (B) 與該事物很搭調
- (C) 和該事物完全相反 (D) 成為該事物
42. 作者在最後一段的論點為何？
- (A) 儘管世界上的求職詐騙犯罪越來越多，每個國家卻仍寧可將之視為一項次要議題。
- (B) 即便世界上所有國家能攜手一起打擊求職犯罪，也根本不會有任何效果。
- (C) 談到求職詐騙蔓延全世界，我們的當務之急應是找出真正的源頭。
- (D) 若說到國際間一起攜手解決求職詐騙的問題，這一方面仍有改進空間。

## 二、非選擇題

### I. 填充

1. though ; determined

評閱指標

級分	說明
4	2 個空格皆正確。
2	僅 1 個空格正確。
0	2 個空格皆錯誤。

### II. 句子重組

2. this challenging project / It took / to complete / Lynn / a few weeks
- 解答：It took Lynn a few weeks to complete this challenging project.

評閱指標

級分	說明
4	所有字詞組合正確，且拼字、大小寫及標點均無誤。
3	(1) 所有字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 多數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。

2	(1) 多數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 半數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
1	(1) 半數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 少數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
0	(1) 少數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 所有字詞組合錯誤。 (3) 只抄引導文字、題目或其他試題。 (4) 空白(未書寫文字)。

### III. 中譯英

3. 阿西(Sid)每天必須工作十小時，才能賺足夠的錢生活在這座大都市中。

解答：Sid must/had/has/needed/needs to work (for) ten hours a/every day so (in order) that he could (can, might, may)/((in order, so as) to) earn/make enough money/money enough to live in this large/big city.

#### 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	能充分表達原文題意，文法、標點正確，用字遣詞沒有不當之處。
3	能適切表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數不當之處。
2	僅能部分表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞有多處失當之處。
1	無法表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數正確之處。
0	(1) 空白(未書寫文字)。 (2) 文字瑣碎、形同未答。 (3) 只抄題目或其他試題。 (4) 內容完全離題或錯誤。

## 一、選擇題(第 1 至 42 題，每題 2 分，共 84 分)

## I. 字彙題

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。

第 9 至 10 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. The little boy got a sense of \_\_\_\_\_ when he finished working on the puzzle all by himself.  
(A) achievement (B) ignorance (C) separation (D) honesty
2. After years of hard work, Sally finally reached her goal and became the world swimming \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) composer (B) consumer (C) colleague (D) champion
3. The high school students put on masks and costumes to \_\_\_\_\_ themselves at the Halloween party.  
(A) insult (B) endure (C) pursue (D) disguise
4. The child's laughter brought happiness to everyone, which created a joyful \_\_\_\_\_ in the room.  
(A) technique (B) atmosphere (C) efficiency (D) conscience
5. The \_\_\_\_\_ traveled to different countries to meet with world leaders and build strong relationships to gain international cooperation.  
(A) criminal (B) ambassador (C) shepherd (D) mechanic
6. The library is full of \_\_\_\_\_ books, and it provides readers with a wide range of topics to explore.  
(A) numerous (B) ambiguous (C) jealous (D) gracious
7. Meilin's outstanding performance \_\_\_\_\_ any doubts about her abilities and confirmed her position as the team's star player.  
(A) removed (B) sketched (C) browsed (D) illustrated
8. My classmate, Lucy, lives in an apartment just a few blocks away, so we often get together at a \_\_\_\_\_ café.  
(A) rough (B) nearby (C) keen (D) vain
9. The traveler was worried about missing her flight, so she rushed to the airport to avoid any possible delays.  
(A) cheerful (B) industrial (C) anxious (D) reasonable
10. The auditorium was so noisy with loud music that I could hardly hear a single word when you talked.  
(A) deeply (B) barely (C) shortly (D) closely

## II. 對話題

說明：第 11 至 20 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

11. Sean: Hey, Ben! I've been watching a lot of basketball lately, but there's something I don't understand. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ben: Sure, Sean. What do you need help with?  
Sean: Well, I'm a bit confused about the three-second violation. When does it apply?  
Ben: It applies when an offensive player stays in the key area for more than three seconds without actively participating in the play.  
(A) Could you help me out? (B) Is it a common violation?  
(C) Is there any time limit? (D) Any penalties for this violation?

12. Waiter: Good evening, sir. Have you made a reservation?  
 Mr. Smith: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Waiter: Alright, let me check. Yes, Mr. Smith. We have a private table by the window with a view of the ocean.  
 Mr. Smith: That sounds perfect, thank you.  
 (A) No, I didn't make a reservation. (B) Yes, under the name Smith.  
 (C) No, let me check with my friend. (D) Yes, I would like to book a table.
13. Tom: Have you heard about how bad guys use the Internet to trick people into giving away their money?  
 Sarah: \_\_\_\_\_ They pretend to be someone else and cheat people.  
 Tom: It's scary how easily people can be fooled. They often use fake emails and websites that look real.  
 Sarah: Yeah, we need to be careful and check if online requests are genuine.  
 (A) No, it's a minor issue. (B) No, it's a popular trend.  
 (C) Yeah, it's a big problem. (D) Yeah, it's not that serious.
14. Father: Have you thought about what you want to do for a career?  
 Daughter: Yeah, I've been thinking about it, but I'm not sure yet.  
 Father: That's okay. It takes time to figure it out. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Daughter: I have a few interests, like technology and psychology, but I need more information before making a decision.  
 (A) Have you reached out to professionals working in those fields?  
 (B) Have you sought guidance from advisors or professionals?  
 (C) Have you done any research on the job market?  
 (D) Have you considered any fields or professions?
15. Alice: Mei, do you know that there are a significant number of foreigners living in Taiwan?  
 Mei: Really? \_\_\_\_\_  
 Alice: According to the government, the majority are from Indonesia, Vietnam, and the Philippines.  
 Mei: Wow, it's great to see such diversity in our country. We should always respect and welcome them.  
 (A) Have you interacted with any foreigners here?  
 (B) Did they encounter any difficulties in adapting to Taiwan?  
 (C) Do you know where most of them come from?  
 (D) How do their diverse backgrounds benefit our society?
16. Mr. Johnson: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Ms. Lee: Absolutely! Being able to read well helps them in many ways.  
 Mr. Johnson: It allows them to learn new things, actively engage with others, and enjoy reading for pleasure.  
 Ms. Lee: Yes, it's great to see their reading ability positively impact their growth.  
 (A) Does a smart student often possess problem-solving capabilities?  
 (B) Does reading e-books harm kids' eyesight and affect their concentration?  
 (C) Have you ever encouraged your students to participate in writing competitions?  
 (D) Have you noticed how important it is for our students to be good readers?
17. John: Kate, I just wanted to apologize for my rude behavior yesterday.  
 Kate: Oh, that's okay, John. \_\_\_\_\_ It did hurt my feelings, but I understand that we all have our bad days.  
 John: Thank you for being understanding. I promise I'll try to control my temper in the future.  
 Kate: I'm glad to hear that, John.  
 (A) I appreciate your apology. (B) I'm sorry for being rude to you.  
 (C) I owe you an apology. (D) Please accept my apology.

18. James: I'd like to make the payment with my smartphone. It's more convenient.  
 Emily: Oh, I haven't tried that before. \_\_\_\_\_  
 James: You just need to use a payment app, connect it to your bank account, and scan the QR code on the bill. It's really simple!  
 Emily: That sounds easy. I'll give it a try. Thanks, James!  
 (A) Can I use my credit card instead? (B) Are there any transaction fees?  
 (C) Is there a limit on the amount? (D) How does it work?
19. Tracy: The local animal shelter requires volunteers for the next ten weeks, and I suggest we help out there.  
 Alex: Sounds good. Volunteering at the animal shelter can make a positive impact on the community.  
 Tracy: That's wonderful! It's a chance to help those adorable animals and give them love and care.  
 Alex: \_\_\_\_\_ I think we should find a schedule that works for both of us.  
 (A) However, it won't be possible to volunteer every weekend.  
 (B) Yet, I don't think it's worth our time investment.  
 (C) Therefore, let's find more meaningful things to do.  
 (D) As you know, taking care of animals is not my thing.
20. Emma: Jack, I want to talk to you for a while. I'm feeling really disappointed about not getting the job I interviewed for.  
 Jack: \_\_\_\_\_ I can understand how you must be feeling sad right now.  
 Emma: Yeah, it's just hard not to feel down about it. I was really counting on getting that job.  
 Jack: I totally get it. Don't worry, though. Something better will come along.  
 (A) You should have prepared better, Emma. (B) Congratulations on getting the job, Emma.  
 (C) Oh, I'm sorry to hear that, Emma. (D) Maybe you lacked the required skills.

### III. 綜合測驗

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲ 下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 21-25 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Hari Budha Magar, a brave ex-soldier from Nepal, experienced a terrible incident while serving in Afghanistan. He lost both of his legs in a bomb attack. 21 this hardship, however, he didn't give up on his dreams. In 2023, he did something remarkable—reaching the summit of Mount Everest. The climb began on April 17, 2023, exactly 13 years after he lost his legs. The weather on the mountain was extremely bad. 22, Hari and his team had to wait for clear skies at the base camp for a total of 18 days. They encountered a lot of challenges throughout their journey. Yet, Hari's strong determination and his team's help, 23 kept them going, led them to successfully reach the summit of the mountain. This accomplishment made Hari the first person with both legs 24 above the knees to conquer Mount Everest. Hari's journey serves 25 an inspiration to everyone. It proves that with great effort and a united team, one can overcome difficult circumstances and accomplish amazing goals.

21. (A) Having been faced (B) Been facing (C) Facing (D) Faced  
 22. (A) As a result (B) On the other hand (C) For instance (D) In the same way  
 23. (A) how (B) what (C) who (D) which  
 24. (A) missed (B) missing (C) to miss (D) having missed  
 25. (A) as (B) with (C) to (D) among

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 26-30 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

A recent report from the World Economic Forum shows significant changes ahead in the world of work over the next five years. About a quarter of jobs will 26 changes, as some positions vanish while new ones appear. By 2027, there will be 69 million new jobs created and 83 million jobs lost. This will result in a decrease of 2% in the job market. The influence of artificial intelligence and technology on job losses is 27 notable in offices, factories, and business fields. However, the companies that were surveyed have a positive view on technological shifts. They believe that advanced data analysis and network security are expected 28 the main drivers of job growth. In addition to technology, other factors such as economic growth, environmental protection, and shifts in the supply chain 29 job changes. The company that adopts greener practices and higher environmental standards would definitely bring itself to the next level and create more job opportunities. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, supply gaps, and the global cost of living crisis, 30, may cause job cuts. The report emphasizes the need for early preparation and points out potential job opportunities in fields such as AI and machine learning.

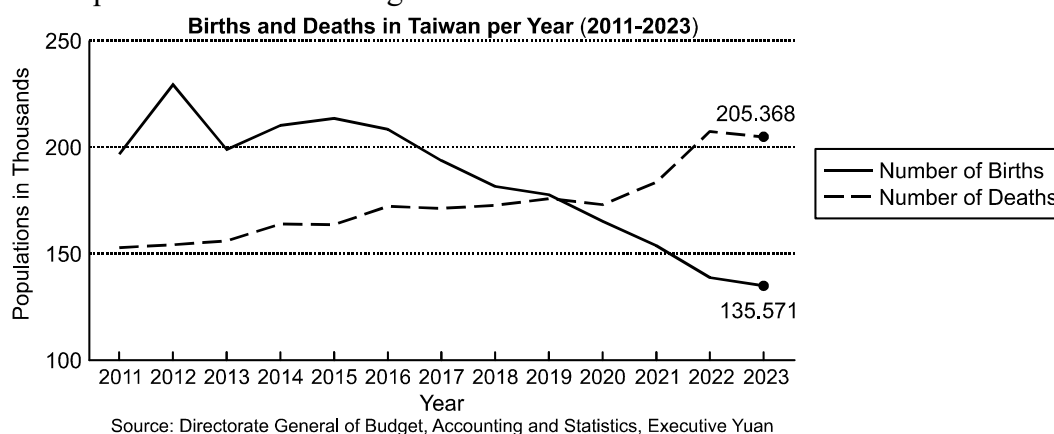
26. (A) come by                      (B) turn down                      (C) go through                      (D) get over
27. (A) actively                      (B) particularly                      (C) negatively                      (D) honestly
28. (A) being                      (B) to be                      (C) been                      (D) will be
29. (A) participate in                      (B) invest in                      (C) refer to                      (D) contribute to
30. (A) at worst                      (B) in brief                      (C) by contrast                      (D) on purpose

#### IV. 閱讀測驗

說明：以下有四篇短文，共有 12 個題目，為第 31 至 42 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲閱讀下文，回答第 31-32 題

This line graph illustrates the trends of the births and deaths in Taiwan starting from the year 2011. Please answer the questions based on the given information.



31. According to the line graph, which of the following years has the largest gap between the number of births and deaths?
- (A) 2011.                      (B) 2017.                      (C) 2020.                      (D) 2023.
32. According to the line graph, which of the following statements is true?
- (A) The number of deaths began to go down after the year 2021.
- (B) The number of births did not reach its peak until the year 2015.
- (C) Compared to the year 2013, the number of births in 2023 has decreased by over 50,000 people.
- (D) The number of first-grade students in elementary school in 2027 will be around 200,000.

## ▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 33-35 題

<i>Today's Taiwan Insight</i>		
Digital		Digital & Print
Basic	Premium	
What's included? ✓ View up to 100 articles per month on all your devices. ✓ Comment on articles. ✓ Read only online. ✓ Enjoy our articles uninterrupted, without advertisements.	What's included? ✓ Have instant unlimited access to the articles on all your devices. ✓ Comment on articles. ✓ Save and share articles. ✓ Have access to all our additional digital content each week. ✓ Read offline—download and read whenever it suits you. ✓ Enjoy our articles uninterrupted, without advertisements.	What's included? ✓ Receive a copy of the printed monthly magazine. ✓ Have instant unlimited access to the articles on all your devices. ✓ Save, share, and comment on articles. ✓ Have access to all our additional digital content each week. ✓ Enjoy our articles uninterrupted, without advertisements. ✓ Share your account with two of your family members.
NT\$ <del>1,800</del> 1,600/year NT\$ <del>3,600</del> 3,000/two years	NT\$ <del>2,400</del> 2,100/year NT\$ <del>4,800</del> 4,000/two years	NT\$ <del>3,600</del> 3,000/year NT\$ <del>7,200</del> 5,800/two years
✓ Your subscription(訂閱) will continue until you cancel.		

33. If Alex subscribes to the digital premium version of *Today's Taiwan Insight*, which of the following features might he be **unable** to use?
- (A) Leaving comments on articles. (B) Sharing his account with his family.  
 (C) Reading as many articles as possible. (D) Reading the articles at any time.
34. Joseph and his sister live in different cities. If both of them want to subscribe to *Today's Taiwan Insight* for two years, what is the most economical plan for them?
- (A) Joseph and his sister each subscribe to the digital basic version of *Today's Taiwan Insight*.  
 (B) Joseph and his sister each subscribe to the digital premium version of *Today's Taiwan Insight*.  
 (C) Joseph subscribes to the digital basic version of *Today's Taiwan Insight* while his sister subscribes to the digital & print version.  
 (D) Joseph subscribes to the digital & print version of *Today's Taiwan Insight* and shares his account with his sister.
35. According to the subscription plan, which of the following is true?
- (A) If you subscribe to the digital basic version, you are able to download and read it at your convenience.  
 (B) Once your subscription to the digital premium version ends, you will need to renew it.  
 (C) John has to pay NT\$3,000 if he subscribes to the digital & print version for one year.  
 (D) Advertisements may occasionally appear if one subscribes to the digital basic version.

## ▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 36-37 題

The news report below is written by a school news writer. Answer the questions based on the given information.

**Indoor Plants: Green Superheroes for a Happier You!**

Hello, classmates! Let's talk about something cool—indoor plants! 🌿 Not only do they make our homes beautiful, but they also bring fantastic health benefits. Check out what these green buddies can do for us:

### Keep the Air Clean 🌿

Indoor plants act as natural air cleaners, getting rid of unpleasant stuff in the air. They even remove harmful substances found in our homes. So, with plants around, we get to breathe fresher air! 🌿

### Bye-Bye Stress 😊

Schools can be stressful, but don't worry, indoor plants can help! Studies show that being around plants can make us feel calmer, so indoor plants can help reduce stress. Thus, next time you feel tense, spend time with your green friends and feel the stress melt away. 😊

### Increase Positive Feelings 🌈

Feeling down? Indoor plants can brighten your day! Being close to nature gives us happy feelings, and plants bring that magic indoors. It's like having a mini garden inside your room! Plus, taking care of plants can be fun and rewarding, making us feel happy and satisfied. 🌈

### Improve Focus 🧠

Having trouble concentrating? Indoor plants can help with that too! They release oxygen and increase humidity, making our brains work better. They're like brain helpers! So, having a plant near your study might make you a top student. 🧠

In conclusion, indoor plants are like green superheroes. They clean our air, calm us down, make us happier, and help us focus better. It's like having a secret weapon against stress and depression! Let's bring them into our lives and enjoy the amazing benefits of indoor plants together! Happy planting! 🌸

36. What is one of the benefits of having indoor plants?
- (A) They act as a secret weapon against infectious diseases.  
 (B) They help in reducing stress and improving focus.  
 (C) They provide a home for insects and small creatures.  
 (D) They release oxygen and reduce humidity in the room.
37. What are indoor plants **NOT** compared to in the text?
- (A) a mini garden      (B) brain helpers      (C) green superheroes      (D) super students

### ▲ 閱讀下文，回答第 38-42 題

Pay toilets have a long history dating back to ancient Roman times, during which individuals would pay to use public restrooms. Even today, pay toilets can be found in various places worldwide. These facilities require a small entry fee, and it helps to ensure their maintenance. Let's see how different countries or cities deal with the issue of pay toilets.

In Taiwan, public restrooms for women at railway and bus stations, as well as in traditional markets, used to charge a fee because they provided toilet paper, while men's restrooms were free to use. This practice clearly went against sexual equality and was later stopped. Today, most public toilets in Taiwan are free of charge, and an increasing number of them are beginning to offer free toilet paper.

In the Czech Republic, restrooms generally charge a fee, and this is also common in subway stations. Besides, some stores print bathroom codes on the receipt. So, if customers shop there, they can use the restroom many times. However, many department stores and large hotels do not charge, and their restrooms can be used when necessary. Pay toilets are often cleaner because they have people who quickly replace toilet paper and clean the restrooms right after they are used.

In North America, the concept of pay toilets was accepted to different extents. Cities like New York City and San Francisco experimented with pay toilets in the past, but this concept received varied feedback, leading to public pay toilets being banned in many states. Toronto also adopted pay public toilets to **put a damper on** individuals using business restrooms without permission. This decision followed complaints from businesses about non-customers using their facilities without buying anything.

In conclusion, pay toilets have experienced significant changes over time and are still found in various locations worldwide. Currently, different countries are striving to maintain public restrooms and discourage misuse.

38. What is the main idea of the passage?
- (A) The history of pay toilets in ancient Roman times.  
 (B) The ongoing debate about pay toilets in Europe.  
 (C) The history and current status of pay toilets worldwide.  
 (D) The ban on public pay toilets in North America.

39. According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?  
(A) Women's public restrooms in Taiwan used to charge a fee.  
(B) In the Czech Republic, it is rare to come across pay toilets.  
(C) All restrooms in Taiwan are required to provide toilet paper.  
(D) In the Czech Republic, buying a code is necessary for restroom access.
40. What is the main goal of countries with pay toilets?  
(A) To maintain public restrooms.  
(B) To charge a fee for restroom entry.  
(C) To provide free access to restrooms and essential supplies.  
(D) To attract more tourists to pay a visit.
41. Based on the information provided, which is true about how the public felt about pay toilets in North America?  
(A) The public in North America generally supported the use of pay toilets in cities like New York City and San Francisco.  
(B) The use of pay toilets was widely accepted and praised in most states across North America.  
(C) The mixed responses to pay toilets in some cities of North America led some states to forbid their use.  
(D) Toronto's adoption of pay public toilets resulted in a decrease in restroom misuse in the city.
42. Which of the following is closest in meaning to "**put a damper on**" in paragraph 4?  
(A) discourage                      (B) dominate                      (C) convince                      (D) tolerate

二、非選擇題(第 I 題，每格 2 分，共 4 分；第 II 題 6 分；第 III 題 6 分；共 16 分)

I. 填充

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 這家公司不僅重視利潤，也在乎其對社會和環境的責任。  
This company not only values p ① but also cares about its r ② to society and the environment.

II. 句子重組

說明：

- ▲請將題中 5 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. where / serves / we had dinner last night / delicious Italian pasta dishes / The restaurant

III. 中譯英

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 以前我對不同的文化和習俗不會感到好奇。

【以下空白】

# 112 學年度四技二專第五次聯合模擬考試

## 共同科目 英文 詳解

112-5-2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
A	D	D	B	B	A	A	B	C	B	A	B	C	D	C	D	A	D	A	C	C
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
A	D	B	A	C	B	B	D	C	D	C	B	D	C	B	D	C	A	A	C	A

### 一、選擇題

#### I. 字彙題

- 小男孩獨自完成拼圖時得到一種成就感。  
(A) 成就 (B) 無知 (C) 分離 (D) 誠實
- 經過多年的努力，莎莉終於達到了她的目標，成爲了世界游泳冠軍。  
(A) 作曲家 (B) 消費者 (C) 同事 (D) 冠軍
- 這些高中生在萬聖節派對上戴上面具並穿上服裝，以偽裝自己的身份。  
(A) 辱罵 (B) 忍耐 (C) 追求 (D) 偽裝
- 孩子的笑聲帶給每個人快樂，營造出房間裡的愉悅氛圍。  
(A) 技巧；技藝 (B) 氣氛；氛圍  
(C) 效率；效能 (D) 良心；良知
- 爲了與世界領導人會面，並建立堅固的關係，大使前往不同的國家，以獲得國際合作。  
(A) 罪犯 (B) 大使；使節 (C) 牧羊人 (D) 技工
- 圖書館裡藏滿了眾多的書籍，提供讀者探索廣泛的主題。  
(A) 眾多的 (B) 模稜兩可的  
(C) 忌妒的 (D) 仁慈的；和藹的
- 美玲出色的表現消除了對她能力的任何懷疑，並確定了她在球隊中的明星球員地位。  
(A) 去除；消除  
(B) 畫素描；概述  
(C) 瀏覽；(在商店裡)隨便看看  
(D) (用圖、實例等)說明
- 我的同學露西住在離這裡幾個街區遠的公寓，所以我們經常在附近的咖啡館聚會。  
(A) 粗糙的 (B) 附近的 (C) 熱衷的 (D) 徒勞的
- 這名旅客對於錯過班機感到焦慮，所以她匆忙前往機場以避免任何可能的延誤。  
(A) 快樂的 (B) 工業的 (C) 焦慮的 (D) 合理的
- 禮堂裡的音樂聲太吵了，以致於當你講話時我幾乎無法聽到任何一個字。  
(A) 非常；深刻地 (B) 幾乎無法  
(C) 立刻；不久 (D) 接近地；緊密地

#### II. 對話題

- 肖恩：嘿，阿本！最近我一直在看很多籃球比賽，但有一個地方我不太明白。  
阿本：沒問題，肖恩。你需要什麼幫助？  
肖恩：嗯，我對三秒違例有點困惑。它是適用在什麼

情況？

阿本：當進攻球員在關鍵區域停留超過三秒而沒有積極參與比賽時，就適用這個違例。

- (A) 你可以幫我嗎？  
(B) 這是常見的違規嗎？  
(C) 有時間限制嗎？  
(D) 這個違規會有什麼處罰？
- 服務員：晚安，先生。您有預約嗎？  
史密斯先生：\_\_\_\_\_。  
服務員：好的，讓我查一下。是的，史密斯先生。我們有一張位於窗邊可以看海景的私人餐桌。  
史密斯先生：聽起來很完美，謝謝。  
(A) 不，我沒有預約。  
(B) 有的，是用史密斯這個名字預約的。  
(C) 不，讓我和朋友確認一下。  
(D) 是的，我想訂位。
- 湯姆：你聽說過壞人怎麼利用網路騙人，讓大家交出金錢嗎？  
莎拉：\_\_\_\_\_。他們假扮他人，欺騙大家。  
湯姆：大家很容易被他們欺騙，真讓人害怕。他們經常使用看起來真實的假郵件和網站。  
莎拉：是的，我們需要小心，並檢查線上要求的真實性。  
(A) 沒有，這只是個小問題。  
(B) 沒有，這是個流行趨勢。  
(C) 有，這是個大問題。  
(D) 有，沒那麼嚴重。
- 父親：妳有想過未來想從事什麼職業嗎？  
女兒：有，我一直在想，但我還不確定。  
父親：沒關係，想清楚需要時間。  
女兒：我對像科技和心理學有一些興趣，但在做出決定之前，我需要更多的資訊。  
(A) 妳有聯繫過在這些領域工作的專業人士嗎？  
(B) 妳向顧問或專業人士尋求過建議嗎？  
(C) 妳對就業市場進行過任何研究嗎？  
(D) 妳有考慮過任何領域或職業嗎？
- 艾莉絲：梅伊，你知道居住在臺灣的外國人數量很多嗎？  
梅伊：真的嗎？  
艾莉絲：根據政府的說法，大部分是來自印尼、越南和菲律賓。  
梅伊：哇，看到我們國家如此多元真是太好了。我們應該永遠尊重並歡迎他們。

- (A) 你有跟這裡的任何外國人互動過嗎？  
 (B) 他們在適應臺灣時遇到任何困難嗎？  
 (C) 你知道他們大部分來自哪裡嗎？  
 (D) 他們多元的背景如何使我們的社會受益？
16. 強森老師：\_\_\_\_\_。  
 李老師：當然！良好的閱讀能力對他們在許多方面都很有幫助。  
 強森老師：良好的閱讀能力讓他們能夠學習新事物，積極與他人互動，並享受閱讀的樂趣。  
 李老師：是的，看到他們的閱讀能力對他們的成長產生正向的影響真是太棒了。  
 (A) 聰明的學生常會有解決問題的能力嗎？  
 (B) 閱讀電子書會傷害孩子們的視力並影響他們的專注力嗎？  
 (C) 你有沒有鼓勵過你的學生參加寫作比賽？  
 (D) 你有注意到成為優秀的閱讀者對我們的學生來說有多麼重要嗎？
17. 約翰：凱特，我只是想為昨天的無禮行為向你道歉。  
 凱特：哦，約翰，沒關係。\_\_\_\_\_ 這確實傷害了我的感情，但我理解我們都有不順的日子。  
 約翰：謝謝你的體諒。我保證以後會努力控制自己的脾氣。  
 凱特：約翰，我很高興聽到這段話。  
 (A) 對於你的道歉我很感謝。  
 (B) 我很抱歉對你沒有禮貌。  
 (C) 我欠你一個道歉。  
 (D) 請接受我的道歉。
18. 詹姆士：我想要用智慧型手機付款，這樣更方便。  
 艾蜜莉：哦，我以前沒試過那種方式。\_\_\_\_\_。  
 詹姆士：你只需要使用一個支付應用程式，連接到你的銀行帳戶，然後掃描帳單上的行動條碼。非常簡單！  
 艾蜜莉：聽起來很容易。我會試試看的。謝謝，詹姆士！  
 (A) 我可以用信用卡代替嗎？  
 (B) 有任何交易手續費嗎？  
 (C) 金額有限制嗎？  
 (D) 要怎麼操作呢？
19. 崔西：當地的動物收容所在接下來的十週需要志工，我建議我們去那裡幫忙。  
 亞歷克斯：聽起來不錯。在動物收容所當志工可以給社區帶來正面的影響。  
 崔西：太棒了！這是一個幫助可愛動物，給動物愛和照顧的機會。  
 亞歷克斯：\_\_\_\_\_ 我認為我們應該找到一個適合我們兩個的時間規劃。  
 (A) 不過，每個週末都做志工是不太可能的。  
 (B) 但是，我認為這不值得我們投入時間。  
 (C) 因此，讓我們找些其他有意義的事情做。  
 (D) 如你所知，照顧動物我不太擅長。
20. 艾瑪：傑克，我想跟你談一下。我對於沒能得到面試的工作感到非常失望。  
 傑克：\_\_\_\_\_ 我能夠理解，你現在一定覺得很難過。  
 艾瑪：是的，很難不感到沮喪。我真的很期待能得到

那份工作。

傑克：我完全理解。不過別擔心，會有更好的機會出現。

- (A) 艾瑪，你應該準備得更好。  
 (B) 恭喜你得到那份工作，艾瑪。  
 (C) 艾瑪，我很遺憾聽到這件事。  
 (D) 也許你缺乏所需的技能。

### III. 綜合測驗

#### Question 21-25

哈利·布達·馬加爾是一位來自尼泊爾的勇敢退役士兵，他在阿富汗服役時經歷了一場可怕的事件。他在一次炸彈襲擊中失去了雙腿。然而，儘管(21)面臨這樣的困境，他並沒有放棄夢想。在 2023 年，他取得了一個非凡的成就——登上了珠穆朗瑪峰的山頂。攀登始於 2023 年 4 月 17 日，正好是他失去雙腿後的第 13 年。山上的天氣極其惡劣。(22)因此，哈利和他的隊伍不得不在基地營等了整整 18 天，直到天氣放晴。他們在整個旅途中遇到了許多挑戰。然而，哈利的堅定決心和隊友的幫助，(23)支持著他們(堅持下去)，使他們成功登上了山頂。這一成就讓哈利成為(24)失去雙膝以上部位，還能征服珠穆朗瑪峰的第一人。哈利的旅程對每個人產生了鼓舞的(25)作用。它證明了只要付出巨大努力並擁有團結的團隊，就能克服困難環境，實現驚人的目標。

21. 本題是考分詞構句，Facing this hardship 為 Although he faced this hardship 的省略，而主詞 he 和 faced 關係為主動，所以將 face 改為現在分詞 facing，故選(C)  
 22. 前後句的語意呈現「因果關係」，前句表示「原因」，後句表示「結果」，As a result 的意思是「因此」，故選(A)  
 (B) 另一方面來說 (C) 例如 (D) 相同地  
 23. 考主格關代 which 所引導的形容詞子句，補充說明逗點前先行詞 Hari's strong determination and his team's help，故選(D)  
 24. 本題是考分詞片語 missing above the knees 當受詞補語，修飾 both legs。此處是用表示「丟失的」的形容詞，故選(B)  
 25. serve 後面加 as 是常見的搭配詞語，意思是「產生…的目的或效果」，故選(A)

#### Question 26-30

世界經濟論壇近期一份報告顯示出未來五年世界工作領域的重大變化。大約四分之一的工作將(26)經歷變化，有些工作會消失，而其他新工作則會出現。到 2027 年將會有 6,900 萬個新創工作，而 8,300 萬個工作將會消失。這將導致就業市場下降 2%。人工智慧和科技在辦公室、工廠和商業領域對於工作流失的影響(27)尤其顯著。然而，接受調查的公司對科技變革持積極態度。他們相信高級數據分析和網路安全預計(28)會是就業增長的主要驅動力。除了科技以外，其他因素像是經濟成長、環境保護以及供應鏈的轉移也會(29)導致工作變動。採用更環保做法和更高環境標準的公司肯定會將自己提升到一個新的層次，並創造更多的就業機會。(30)相較之下，新冠疫情、供應缺口以及全球生活成本危機的影響，可能會導致裁員。該報告強調了早期準備的必要，並指出人

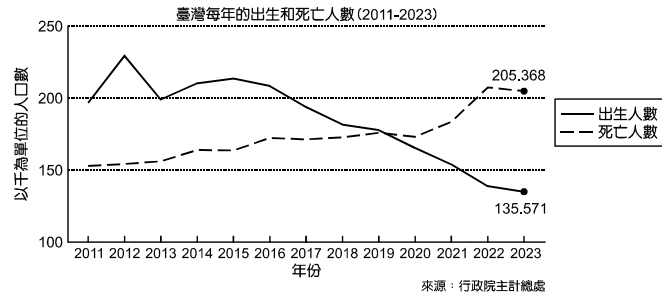
工智慧和機器學習等領域可能存在潛在的就業機會。

26. (A) (為看望某人)作短暫拜訪 (B) 拒絕  
(C) 經歷 (D) 克服
27. (A) 積極地 (B) 尤其 (C) 消極地 (D) 誠實地
28. expect 有個用法是 expect sb/sth to do sth, 如果改成被動, 會變成 sb/sth be expected to do sth, 本題考被動用法, 故選(B)
29. (A) 參與 (B) 投資 (C) 提到 (D) 導致
30. (A) 最壞 (B) 簡述 (C) 相較之下 (D) 故意  
說明: 本題是考表示相反的「語氣」轉承詞, 前句講 job creation, 後句講 job cuts, 用 by contrast(對照之下) 表示前後對比, 故選(C)

IV. 閱讀測驗

Question 31-32

這張折線圖顯示從 2011 年開始臺灣的出生和死亡人數的趨勢。請根據提供的資訊回答問題。



31. 根據這張折線圖, 下列哪一年的出生人數和死亡人數差距最大?  
(A) 2011。 (B) 2017。 (C) 2020。 (D) 2023。  
說明: 2023 年死亡人數為 20 萬 5 千 3 百 68 人, 出生人數為 13 萬 5 千 5 百 71 人, 差距為 6 萬 9 千 7 百 97 人, 比其他三年差距更大
32. 根據這張折線圖, 以下哪個敘述是正確的?  
(A) 死亡人數在 2021 年之後開始下降。  
(B) 出生人數直到 2015 年才達到高峰。  
(C) 相較於 2013 年, 2023 年的出生人數少了超過 5 萬人。  
(D) 2027 年的小學一年級新生人數將約為 20 萬人。  
說明: 死亡人數在 2021 年之後持續增加, 因此(A)有誤; 2012 年出生人數達到最高峰, 而非 2015 年, 因此(B)有誤; 2013 年的出生人數約 20 萬人, 而 2023 年的出生人數是 13 萬 5 千 5 百 71 人, 差距超過 5 萬人, 故選(C); 一般是 6 歲入小學, 2027 年小一學生應該是在 2021 年前後出生, 2021 年新生兒人數約 15 萬人, 2020 年新生兒人數約 16 多萬人, 皆和 20 萬人有一段距離, 因此(D)有誤

Question 33-35

《洞察今日臺灣》		
數位		數位&印刷
基本	高級	
包含哪些內容? ✓ 每個月可在所有設備上閱讀高達 100 篇文章。 ✓ 評論文章。	包含哪些內容? ✓ 即時無限制地在您所有的設備上瀏覽文章。 ✓ 評論文章。	包含哪些內容? ✓ 收到一份印刷版的每月雜誌。 ✓ 即時無限制地在您所有的設備上瀏覽

✓ 僅限線上閱讀。 ✓ 無廣告, 閱讀我們的文章, 不受干擾。	✓ 儲存並分享文章。 ✓ 每週都可以取得我們所有的額外數位內容。 ✓ 離線閱讀——下載並隨時閱讀。 ✓ 無廣告, 閱讀我們的文章, 不受干擾。	文章。 ✓ 儲存、分享並評論文章。 ✓ 每週都可以取得我們所有的額外數位內容。 ✓ 無廣告, 閱讀我們的文章, 不受干擾。 ✓ 與兩位家庭成員分享您的帳戶。
新臺幣 4,800 1,600 元/一年 新臺幣 3,600 3,000 元/二年	新臺幣 2,400 2,100 元/一年 新臺幣 4,800 4,000 元/二年	新臺幣 3,600 3,000 元/一年 新臺幣 7,200 5,800 元/二年
✓ 您的訂閱將繼續, 直到您取消為止。		

33. 如果亞歷克斯訂閱了《洞察今日臺灣》的數位高級版, 他可能無法使用以下哪項功能?  
(A) 在文章上留下評論。 (B) 與家人分享帳戶。  
(C) 盡可能閱讀更多文章。 (D) 隨時閱讀文章。  
說明: 根據數位版本的介紹, 並沒有提到可以和家人分享帳戶, 只有數位&印刷版本才可以和家人分享帳戶, 故選(B)
34. 約瑟夫和妹妹住在不同的城市。如果他們都想要訂購兩年《洞察今日臺灣》雜誌, 對他們來說哪個方案最經濟實惠?  
(A) 約瑟夫和妹妹各自訂閱《洞察今日臺灣》的數位基本版。  
(B) 約瑟夫和妹妹各自訂閱《洞察今日臺灣》的數位高級版。  
(C) 約瑟夫訂閱《洞察今日臺灣》的數位基本版, 而妹妹訂閱數位&印刷版本。  
(D) 約瑟夫訂閱《洞察今日臺灣》的數位&印刷版本, 並和妹妹分享他的帳戶。  
說明: 根據數位&印刷版本的介紹, 訂閱數位&印刷版本可以和兩位家人分享帳戶, 因此訂閱數位&印刷版本最為經濟實惠, 只要 5,800 元, 故選(D)
35. 根據訂閱方案, 以下哪個選項是正確的?  
(A) 如果您訂閱數位基本版, 您可以在自己方便時下載並閱讀。  
(B) 一旦您訂閱的數位高級版結束, 您將需要重新訂閱。  
(C) 如果約翰訂閱數位&印刷版本一年, 他需要支付臺幣 3,000 元。  
(D) 如果訂閱數位基本版, 偶爾可能會出現廣告。  
說明: 根據數位基本版的介紹, 並無提供下載閱讀功能, 因此(A)有誤; 根據數位高級版的介紹, 訂閱將持續到取消為止, 因此(B)有誤; 根據數位&印刷版的介紹, 訂閱一年要新臺幣 3,000 元, 故選(C); 根據數位基本版的介紹, 閱讀時不會出現廣告干擾, 因此(D)有誤

Question 36-37

以下這則新聞報導是由一位學校新聞作者所撰寫的。請根據提供的資訊回答問題。

室內植物: 讓你更快樂的綠色超級英雄!  
大家好, 同學們! 讓我們來談談很酷的東西——

室內植物！✿它們不僅使我們的家變得美麗，還帶來了許多極好的健康益處。看看這些綠色小夥伴能為我們做些什麼：

保持空氣清淨🌿

室內植物充當天然空氣淨化器，清除空氣中令人不舒服的東西。它們甚至可以去除家中發現的有害物質。所以，有了植物在身邊，我們可以呼吸到更清新的空氣！🌿

告別壓力😊

學校可能會讓人感到有壓力，但別擔心，室內植物可以幫忙！研究顯示，身處在植物周圍可以使我們感到更鎮定，因此室內植物可以幫助減輕壓力。所以下次你感到緊張時，花些時間與你的綠色朋友在一起，就會感覺到壓力慢慢消失。😊

增加正面情緒🌈

心情低落？室內植物可以讓你的一天變得開心！接近大自然讓我們感到快樂，而植物將這種魔力帶到室內。這就像在房間內擁有一個小型花園！而且，照顧植物可以很有趣且很有益，讓我們感到快樂和滿足。🌈

提高注意力🧠

注意力集中有困難？室內植物也能幫助你！它們釋放氧氣，增加濕度，讓我們的大腦更加靈活。它們就像大腦的幫手！所以，在你的書房附近擺放一盆植物可能會讓你成為頂尖的學生。🧠

總結來說，室內植物就像綠色超級英雄。它們清潔空氣，使我們鎮定下來，讓我們更快樂，並幫助我們更專注。這就像擁有一個對抗壓力和低落情緒的秘密武器！讓我們把它們帶進生活，一起享受室內植物帶來的驚人好處吧！祝你種植愉快！✿

36. 室內植物的好處之一是什麼？

- (A) 它們作為對抗傳染病的秘密武器。
- (B) 它們有助於減輕壓力並提高注意力。
- (C) 它們為昆蟲和小生物提供家園。
- (D) 它們釋放氧氣並降低房間的濕度。

37. 文中的室內植物沒有被比喻成什麼？

- (A) 一座小型花園
- (B) 大腦的幫手
- (C) 綠色超級英雄
- (D) 頂尖學生

說明：段落中提到在書房擺放一盆植物，可以讓大腦更靈活，可能讓人成為頂尖學生，文章沒有將室內盆栽比喻為頂尖學生，故選(D)

#### Question 38-42

付費廁所擁有悠久的歷史，可追溯到古羅馬時期，當時人們需要付錢才能使用公共廁所。即便在今日，世界各地仍可見到付費廁所。進入這些設備需要支付一小筆費用，這有助於確保它們的維護。讓我們看看不同的國家或城市是如何處理付費廁所的問題。

在臺灣，鐵路和公車站以及傳統市場的女性公廁過去曾經要收費，因為它們提供了衛生紙，而男性廁所則免費使用。這種做法明顯違反了性別平等原則，後來被停止了。今天，臺灣大部分的公共廁所都免費，而且越來越多的公共廁所開始提供免費衛生紙。

在捷克共和國，廁所通常需要收費，這在地鐵站也

很常見。此外，有些商店會在收據上印上洗手間的密碼。因此，如果顧客在那裡購物，他們可以多次使用洗手間。然而，許多百貨公司和大型酒店不收費，可在必要時使用其廁所。付費廁所通常較為乾淨，因為有人會迅速更換衛生紙並在使用後立即清潔洗手間。

在北美，付費廁所的概念有不同的接受程度。像紐約市和舊金山等城市過去曾嘗試過付費廁所，但這一概念收到了不同的回饋，導致許多州禁止公共付費廁所。多倫多也採用了付費公共廁所，以遏制個人未經允許使用商業廁所的行為。這一決定是在商家抱怨非顧客在不購買任何商品的情況下使用其設施後作出的。

總之，付費廁所隨著時間的推移經歷了顯著的變化，仍然在全球各地存在。不同國家現今正努力維持公共廁所並防止濫用。

38. 這篇文章的主旨是什麼？

- (A) 古羅馬時代付費廁所的歷史。
- (B) 歐洲付費廁所的持續辯論。
- (C) 全球付費廁所的歷史和現狀。
- (D) 北美公共付費廁所之禁令。

39. 根據文章內容，以下哪一項敘述是真的？

- (A) 臺灣的女性公廁曾經需要收費。
- (B) 在捷克共和國，很少遇到付費廁所。
- (C) 臺灣的所有廁所都必須提供衛生紙。
- (D) 在捷克共和國，使用廁所必須購買密碼。

40. 設有付費廁所國家的主要目的是什麼？

- (A) 維護公共廁所。
- (B) 收取進入洗手間費用。
- (C) 提供免費洗手間和必需品。
- (D) 吸引更多遊客來參觀。

41. 根據提供的資訊，哪一個有關北美民眾對付費廁所的感受是正確的？

- (A) 北美民眾普遍支持在紐約市和舊金山等城市使用付費廁所。
- (B) 付費廁所在北美大部分的州得到廣泛接受和讚揚。
- (C) 北美某些城市對付費廁所的反應褒貶不一，導致有些州禁止使用。
- (D) 多倫多採用公共付費廁所後，該市的洗手間濫用情況已經有所減少。

說明：第四段提到紐約市和舊金山等北美城市過去曾嘗試過付費廁所，但這一概念收到了不同的回饋，導致許多州禁止了公共付費廁所的存在，並非獲得北美民眾普遍的支持、接受、讚美，因此(A)和(B)有誤；第四段也提到近年多倫多也開始採用公共付費廁所，以阻止人們未經允許使用商家的廁所，但沒有明確指出洗手間濫用情況已經有所減少，因此(D)有誤，故選(C)

42. 以下何者與第四段中的「put a damper on」語意最相近？

- (A) 阻止
- (B) 支配
- (C) 說服
- (D) 容忍

## 二、非選擇題

### I. 填充

1. profit(s) ; responsibility/responsibilities

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	2 個空格皆正確。
2	僅 1 個空格正確。
0	2 個空格皆錯誤。

## II. 句子重組

2. where / serves / we had dinner last night / delicious Italian pasta dishes / The restaurant

解答：The restaurant where we had dinner last night serves delicious Italian pasta dishes.

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	所有字詞組合正確，且拼字、大小寫及標點均無誤。
3	(1) 所有字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 多數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
2	(1) 多數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 半數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
1	(1) 半數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 少數字詞組合正確，且無拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。
0	(1) 少數字詞組合正確，但有拼字、字詞增減或標點錯誤。 (2) 所有字詞組合錯誤。 (3) 只抄引導文字、題目或其他試題。 (4) 空白(未書寫文字)。

## III. 中譯英

3. 以前我對不同的文化和習俗不會感到好奇。

解答：I was not curious about different cultures and customs before.或 I didn't use to be curious about different cultures and customs.或 I used to not be curious about different cultures and customs.

## 評閱指標

級分	說明
4	能充分表達原文題意，文法、標點正確，用字遣詞沒有不當之處。
3	能適切表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數不當之處。
2	僅能部分表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞有多處失當之處。
1	無法表達原文題意，文法、標點、用字遣詞僅有少數正確之處。
0	(1) 空白(未書寫文字)。 (2) 文字瑣碎、形同未答。 (3) 只抄題目或其他試題。 (4) 內容完全離題或錯誤。